EAST SYRACUSE MINOA CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

> MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

> > AND

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

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Independent Auditor's Report

Board of Education
East Syracuse Minoa Central School District

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the East Syracuse Minoa Central School District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the District's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting principles used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the East Syracuse Minoa Central School District, as of June 30, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position, for the year then ended, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.



Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and other required supplementary information, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the East Syracuse Minoa Central School District's basic financial statements. The other supplementary information on pages 49 through 51 are presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by the New York State Education Department and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, and is also not a required part of the financial statements. The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards and other supplementary information are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards and other supplementary information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated September 30, 2019, on our consideration of the East Syracuse Minoa Central School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering East Syracuse Minoa Central School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

September 30, 2019

D'accongelo + Co., LLP

Utica, New York

EAST SYRACUSE MINOA CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

The East Syracuse Minoa Central School District's discussion and analysis of financial performance provides an overall review of the District's financial activities for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2019 and 2018. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the District's financial performance as a whole. This should be read in conjunction with the financial statements, which immediately follow this section.

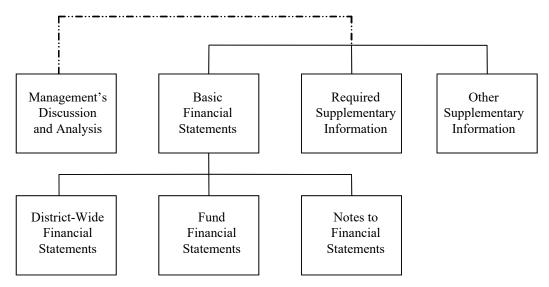
1. FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

Key financial highlights for fiscal year 2019, are as follows:

- The District's total net position, as reflected in the District-Wide Financial Statements, increased by \$6,178,776 to a deficit balance of \$159,405,762 This is due to revenues exceeding expenses on the full accrual basis of accounting.
- The District's expenses for the year, as reflected in the District-wide financial statements, totaled \$78,004,976. Of this amount, \$1,151,872 was offset by program charges for services and \$3,387,805 by operating and capital grants. General revenues of \$79,644,075 amount to 94.6% of total revenues.
- The General Fund's total fund balance, as reflected in the fund financial statements on pages 15 and 17, decreased by \$8,926,263 to \$9,354,427. This was due to a deficit of revenues over expenditures based on the modified accrual basis of accounting. This deficit was primarily due to \$8,795,627 being transferred to the capital fund for the District-wide construction/renovation project.
- The District received \$3,387,805 in operating and capital grants to support instructional and food service programs.
- State and federal revenue increased slightly to \$29,338,483 in 2019 from \$29,333,042 in 2018.

2. OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This annual report consists of four parts – Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A), the basic financial statements, required supplementary information, and other supplementary information. The basic financial statements consist of District-wide financial statements, fund financial statements, and notes to the financial statements. A graphic display of the relationship of these statements follows:



For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

(Continued)

A. District-wide Financial Statements

The District-wide financial statements are organized to provide an understanding of the fiscal performance of the District as a whole in a manner similar to a private sector business. There are two District-wide financial statements - the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities. These statements provide both an aggregate and long-term view of the District's finances.

These statements utilize the accrual basis of accounting. This basis of accounting recognizes the financial effects of events when they occur, without regard to the timing of cash flows related to the events.

The Statement of Net Position

The Statement of Net Position presents information on all of the District's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources with the difference as net position. Increases or decreases in the net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the District is improving or deteriorating, respectively.

The Statement of Activities

The Statement of Activities presents information showing the change in net position during the fiscal year. All changes in net position are recorded at the time the underlying financial event occurs. Therefore, revenues and expenses are reported in the statement for some items that will result in cash flow in future fiscal periods.

B. Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the District's funds, not the District as a whole. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District also uses fund accounting to ensure compliance with finance-related legal requirements. The funds of the District are reported in the governmental funds and the fiduciary funds.

These statements utilize the modified accrual basis of accounting. This basis of accounting recognizes revenues in the period that they become measurable and available. It recognizes expenditures in the period that they become measurable, funded through available resources and payable within a current period.

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the District-wide financial statements. However, the governmental fund financial statements focus on shorter term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year for spending in future years. Consequently, the governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the District's operations and the services it provides.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of District-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the District-wide financial statements. By doing so, you may better understand the long-term impact of the District's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund Balance Sheet and the governmental fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The District maintains five individual governmental funds, general fund, school lunch fund, special aid fund, debt service fund, and capital projects fund, each of which is considered to be a major fund and is presented separately in the fund financial statements.

Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary funds are used to account for assets held by the District in its capacity as agent or trustee. All of the District's fiduciary activities are reported in a separate Statement of Fiduciary Net Position. The fiduciary activities have been excluded from the District's District-wide financial statements because the District cannot use these assets to finance its operations.

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

(Continued)

3. FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT AS A WHOLE

A. Net Position

The District's total net position increased \$6,178,776 during the fiscal year ending June 30, 2019. A summary of the District's Statement of Net Position at June 30, 2019 and 2018, is as follows:

						Increase	Percentage		
		2019		2018		(Decrease)	Change		
Current and Other Assets	\$	27,849,061	\$	28,410,918	\$	(561,857)	(2.0%)		
Net Pension Asset - Proportionate Share		3,393,455	\$	1,393,491		1,999,964	100.0%		
Capital Assets, (Net of Depreciation)		79,191,536		80,581,140		(1,389,604)	(1.7%)		
Total Assets		110,434,052		110,385,549		48,503	0.0%		
Deferred Outflows of Resources		24,690,536		26,210,747		(1,520,211)	(5.8%)		
Current Liabilities		4,645,536		4,546,857		98,679	2.2%		
Net Pension Liability - Proportionate Share		2,123,774		890,751		1,233,023	138.4%		
Non-Current Liabilities		232,471,107		262,414,750		(29,943,643)	(11.4%)		
Total Liabilities	_	239,240,417		267,852,358		(28,611,941)	(10.7%)		
Deferred Inflows of Resources		55,289,933		34,328,476		20,961,457	61.1%		
Net Position									
Net Investment in Capital Assets		45,737,235		42,338,125		3,399,110	8.0%		
Restricted		19,051,650		19,803,661		(752,011)	(3.8%)		
Unrestricted (Deficit)		(224, 194, 647)		(227,726,324)		3,531,677	1.6%		
Total Net Position (Deficit)	\$	(159,405,762)	<u>\$</u>	(165,584,538)	\$	6,178,776	3.7%		

Current and other assets decreased by \$561,857, as compared to the prior year. This is mainly due to a decrease in receivables of \$591,221. A decrease of \$217,737 was noted in the BOCES receivable and \$259,568 for excess cost aid.

Capital assets (net of depreciation) decreased by \$1,389,604, as compared to the prior year. This decrease is primarily due to depreciation exceeding the amount of additions. Note 6 to the Financial Statements provides additional information.

Deferred outflows of resources decreased by \$1,520,211 as compared to the prior year primarily as a result of deferred amounts related to the Retirement Systems.

Current liabilities increased by \$98,679, as compared to the prior year. This increase is due to a decrease in accounts payable of \$229,061 and an increase of \$348,717 in amounts due to the Teachers' Retirement System. In addition, the Net Pension Liability increased over the prior year due to changes in the District's actuarially determined portion of the unfunded pension liability of the Retirement Systems.

Non-Current liabilities decreased by \$29,943,643 as compared to the prior year. This decrease is primarily a result of a decrease in the District's Other Post Employment Benefit accrual of \$25,203,383 and bond payments totaling \$4,453,459 on the District's Serial Bonds and Energy Performance Contract. The Other Post Employment Benefit liability decreased due to actuarial differences between expected and actual experience and changes of assumptions.

Deferred inflows of resources increased by \$20,961,457 primarily due to the change in OPEB assumption as noted above and amounts provided by the Retirement Systems.

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

(Continued)

The net investment in capital assets is calculated by subtracting the amount of outstanding debt used for construction from the total cost of all asset acquisitions, net of accumulated depreciation. The total cost of these acquisitions includes expenditures to purchase land, construct and improve buildings and purchase vehicles, equipment and furniture to support District operations.

The restricted portion of the net position at June 30, 2019 is \$19,051,650 which represents the amount of the District's restricted funds in the General, Capital, and Debt Service funds. See the chart on page 9 for additional details.

The unrestricted (deficit) portion of the net position at June 30, 2019, is \$224,194,647, and represents the amount by which the District's total liabilities exceeded assets, excluding restricted assets, capital assets and debt related to capital construction. Those liabilities include the District's accrual of \$198,879,465 in other post-employment benefits.

B. Changes in Net Position

The results of this year's operations as a whole are reported in the Statement of Activities in a programmatic format in the accompanying financial statements. In the accompanying financial statements STAR (school tax relief) revenue is included in the other tax items line. However, in this MD&A, STAR revenue has been combined with property taxes. A summary of this statement for the years ended June 30, 2019 and 2018 is as follows:

					Increase	Percentage
Revenues	2019		2018	(I	Decrease)	Change
Program Revenues						
Charges for Services	\$ 1,15	1,872 \$	1,050,564	\$	101,308	9.6%
Operating Grants and Contributions	3,32	7,081	3,158,941		168,140	5.3%
Capital Grants and Contributions	6	0,724	702,593		(641,869)	(91.4%)
General Revenues						
Property Taxes and STAR	48,76	3,283	47,358,024		1,405,259	3.0%
Nonproperty Taxes	11	3,436	111,434		2,002	1.8%
State and Federal Sources	29,33	8,483	29,333,042		5,441	0.0%
Other	1,42	8,873	1,670,605		(241,732)	(14.5%)
Total Revenues	84,18	3,752	83,385,203		798,549	1.0%
Expenses						
General Support	8,32	4,218	10,170,670		(1,846,452)	(18.2%)
Instruction	61,84	4,539	67,950,837		(6,106,298)	(9.0%)
Pupil Transportation	5,35	2,976	5,821,871		(468,895)	(8.1%)
Community Service		235	225		10	4.4%
Debt Service-Unallocated Interest	1,23	3,229	1,398,060		(164,831)	(11.8%)
Food Service Program	1,24	9,779	1,133,116		116,663	10.3%
Total Expenses	78,00	<u>4,976</u>	86,474,779		(8,469,803)	(9.8%)
Total Change in Net Position (Deficit)	\$ 6,17	8 <u>,776</u> <u>\$</u>	(3,089,576)	<u>\$</u>	9,268,352	300.0%

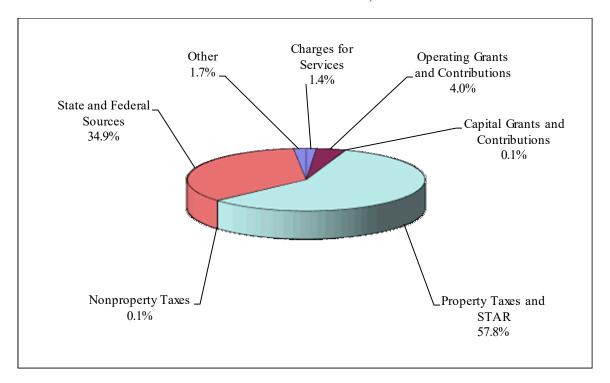
The District's revenues increased by \$798,549 in 2019 or 1.0%. The major factors that contributed to the increase were:

- Property taxes and STAR revenues increased by \$1,405,259.
- Capital grants and contributions decreased by \$641,869 due to time needed to get approvals for additional phases under the Smart Schools Bond Act.

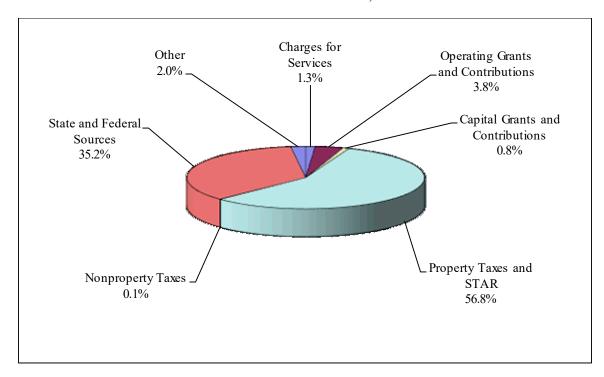
The District's expenditures decreased by \$8,469,803 or 9.8% mainly due to decreases in general support and instruction. These expenses decreased primarily due to the accounting for the OPEB Liability as required by GASB 75.

A graphic display of the distribution of revenues for the two years follows:

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

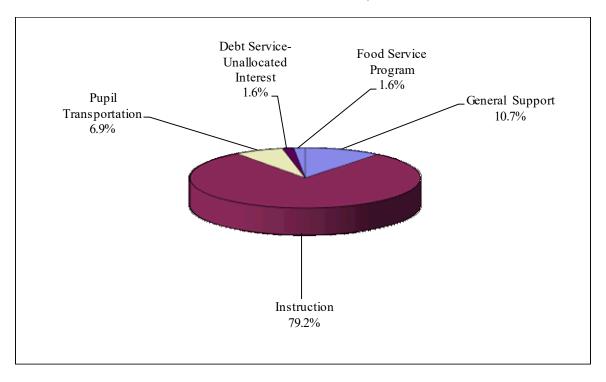


For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

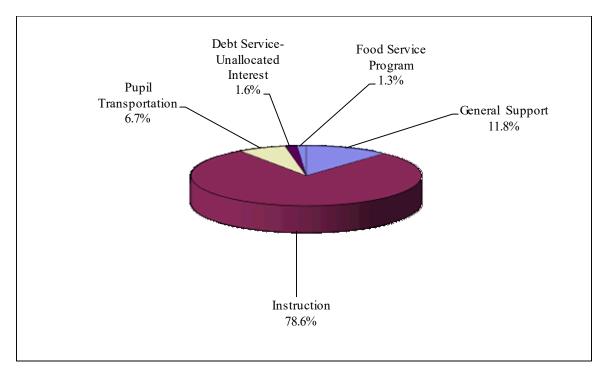


A graphic display of the distribution of expenses for the two years follows:

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019



For the Year Ended June 30, 2018



For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

(Continued)

4. FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT'S FUND BALANCES

At June 30, 2019, the District's governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$23,303,287, which is a decrease of \$678,739 from the prior year. This decrease is mainly the result of the reduction in the Capital Fund reserve due to final expenditures for the High School Flooring Project and expenditures incurred under the new District wide Construction/Renovation project. A summary of the change in fund balance by fund is as follows:

			Increase
General Fund	2019	2018	(Decrease)
Restricted			
Workers' Compensation	\$ 1,252,070	\$ 1,313,732	\$ (61,662)
Unemployment Insurance	558,289	556,434	1,855
Tax Certiorari	1,592,641	1,587,349	5,292
Retirement Contribution-ERS	822,086	1,442,533	(620,447)
Retirement Contribution-TRS	372,724		372,724
Capital	805,869	9,428,075	(8,622,206)
Employee Benefit Liability	73,520	146,550	(73,030)
Total Restricted	5,477,199	14,474,673	(8,997,474)
Assigned			
Encumbrances	84,447	366,407	(281,960)
Appropriated for Subsequent Year's Budget	500,000	350,000	150,000
Total Assigned	584,447	716,407	(131,960)
Unassigned	3,292,781	3,089,610	203,171
Total General Fund	9,354,427	18,280,690	(8,926,263)
School Lunch Fund			
Nonspendable	31,584	38,888	(7,304)
Assigned	342,825	333,460	9,365
Total School Lunch Fund	374,409	372,348	2,061
Debt Service Fund			
Restricted	5,245,512	5,228,086	17,426
Total Debt Service Fund	5,245,512	5,228,086	17,426
Capital Projects Fund			
Restricted	8,328,939	100,902	8,228,037
Total Capital Projects Fund	8,328,939	100,902	8,228,037
Total Capital Hojects Lund	0,520,939	100,702	0,220,037
Total Fund Balance - All Funds	<u>\$ 23,303,287</u>	\$ 23,982,026	\$ (678,739)

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

(Continued)

5. GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

A. 2018-2019 Budget

The District's General Fund adopted budget for the year ended June 30, 2019, was \$80,262,301. This is an increase of \$2,257,244 over the prior year's adopted budget.

The budget was funded through a combination of revenues and designated fund balance. The majority of this funding source was \$48,812,634 in estimated property taxes and STAR and State Aid in the amount of \$28,794,408.

B. Change in General Fund's Unassigned Fund Balance (Budget to Actual)

The General Fund's unassigned fund balance is the component of total fund balance that is the residual of prior years' excess revenues over expenditures, net of transfers to reserves and designations to fund the subsequent year's budget. It is this balance that is commonly referred to as the "fund balance". The change in this balance demonstrated through a comparison of the actual revenues and expenditures for the year compared to budget follows:

Opening, Unassigned Fund Balance	\$ 3,089,610
Additional Appropriations	(10,184,479)
Revenues and Other Transfers over Budget and Appropriated Fund Balance	205,238
Expenditures and Encumbrances under Budget	1,684,938
Net Decrease to Restricted Funds	8,997,474
Appropriated for June 30, 2020 Budget	 (500,000)
Closing, Unassigned Fund Balance	\$ 3,292,781

Opening, Unassigned Fund Balance

The \$3,089,610 shown in the table above is the portion of the District's June 30, 2018, fund balance that was retained as unassigned. This was 3.85% of the District's 2018-2019 approved operating budget.

Additional Appropriations

The District made additional appropriations for a voter authorization for bus purchases in the amount of \$626,578 and an appropriation from the EBLAR reserve in the amount of \$73,275, an appropriation from the ERS reserve in the amount of \$623,178, an appropriation from the Workers Compensation Reserve in the amount of \$65,821 and an appropriation from the Capital Reserve in the amount of \$8,795,627.

Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over Budget

The 2018-2019 final budget for revenues other financing sources was \$80,044,301. The actual revenues received for the year were \$80,249,539. The actual revenue and other financing sources over estimated or budgeted revenue was \$205,238. This variance contributes directly to the change to the unassigned portion of the General Fund, fund balance from June 30, 2018 to June 30, 2019.

Expenditures and Encumbrances Under Budget

The 2018-2019 budget for expenditures was \$90,945,187. The actual expenditures and encumbrances were \$89,260,249. The final budget was under expended by \$1,684,938, after encumbrances. This under expenditure contributes to the change to the unassigned portion of the General Fund fund balance from June 30, 2018 to June 30, 2019.

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

(Continued)

Net Decrease to Restricted Funds

The combined decrease of \$8,997,474 to the General Fund restricted fund balances during the year ended June 30, 2019 is primarily the result of a transfer of \$8,328,939 from the capital reserve to the capital fund to fund the local share of the new District wide renovation project. In addition, the District used a portion of the ERS retirement contribution reserve. The District also approved to establish and fund the TRS reserve in the current year in the amount of \$372,724.

Appropriated Fund Balance

The District has chosen to use \$500,000 of its available June 30, 2019, fund balance to partially fund its 2019-2020 approved operating budget.

Closing, Unassigned Fund Balance

Based upon the summary changes shown in the above table, the District will begin the 2019-2020 fiscal year with an unassigned fund balance of \$3,292,781. This is an increase of \$203,171 from the unassigned fund balance from the prior year as of June 30, 2018. This was 4.00% of the District's approved operating budget for 2019-2020.

6. CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

A. Capital Assets

At June 30, 2019, the District had invested in a broad range of capital assets, including land, buildings, machinery and equipment, and licensed vehicles. The net increase in capital assets is due to capital additions exceeding depreciation for the year ended June 30, 2019. A summary of the District's capital assets, net of depreciation at June 30, 2019 and 2018, is as follows:

			Increase
	2019	2018	(Decrease)
Land	\$ 2,087,204	\$ 2,087,204	\$
Land Improvements	191,065	249,303	(58,238)
Construction in Progress	467,590		467,590
Buildings and Improvements	72,324,001	74,146,782	(1,822,781)
Machinery and Equipment	1,835,436	1,947,921	(112,485)
Licensed Vehicles	2,286,240	2,149,930	136,310
Capital Assets, Net	<u>\$ 79,191,536</u>	\$ 80,581,140	\$ (1,389,604)

B. Debt Administration

At June 30, 2019, the District had total bonds payable of \$25,875,000 and an Energy Performance Contract of \$4,081,094. A summary of the outstanding bonds and Energy Performance Contract at June 30, 2019 and 2018, is as follows:

Issue	Interest			
Date	Rate	2019	2018	(Decrease)
Serial Bonds				
2011	2.00%-5.00%	\$ 3,005,000	\$ 3,920,000	(915,000)
2011	2.00%-5.00%	1,985,000	2,920,000	(935,000)
2016	2.00%-5.00%	16,255,000	17,230,000	(975,000)
2016	2.00%-5.00%	3,025,000	3,840,000	(815,000)
2017	2.00%-4.00%	1,605,000	1,855,000	(250,000)
		\$ 25,875,000	\$ 29,765,000	\$ (3,890,000)
Energy Performa	nce Contract			
2009	5.33%	<u>\$ 4,081,094</u>	<u>\$ 4,644,553</u>	\$ (563,459)

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

(Continued)

7. ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET

The District remains committed to a vision of preparing students to excel in a complex, interconnected, changing world. The ESM Strategic Plan continues to guide the development of the District budget in five focus areas: 1) Teaching and Learning; 2) Technology for Teaching and Learning; 3) Communication and Community Engagement; 4) Employee Engagement and Professional Development; and 5) Learning Environment Systems and Structures.

The District has settled contracts with all bargaining units, and was successful in making changes in the area of health insurance for both active and retired employees that will benefit the District into the future.

The District's 2019-20 budget passed with an 86% approval rate from voters. The \$82,319,532 budget approved by the voters on May 21, 2019 reflected a 2.56% increase from the prior year.

The final 2019-20 tax levy increased by 1.35% with a levy limit of \$47.9 million. Overall, total district taxable assessments increased approximately \$64.7 million or 3.49% over the prior year. With the growth in assessments, the average school tax rate for district residents decreased by 2.28%.

The District also completed a sixth year of operating its student nutrition program through a Food Service Management Contract, again ending the fiscal year with a profit. The District continues to invest fund balance monies to improve Food Service program opportunities for students.

Long Range Facilities Planning remains a priority for the District. "Our Elementary Objective" is a \$49.8 million capital project that focuses on safety, learning and integrity improvements at Park Hill, Woodland, Minoa, Fremont and, to a much lesser extent, East Syracuse Elementary, which is a relatively new building. Carefully developed over more than two years, ESM District residents approved the project on Dec. 11, 2018 with 87% voter approval. The District is currently in the design phase of the project, with construction on the first two buildings scheduled to begin in Summer 2020.

8. CONTACTING THE DISTRICT

This financial report is designed to provide the School District's citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the School District's finances and to demonstrate the School District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Business Office, at East Syracuse Minoa Schools, 407 Fremont Road, East Syracuse, NY 13057.

EAST SYRACUSE MINOA CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION June 30, 2019

Assets	Φ 4.070.155
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 4,978,155
Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents	18,959,126
Receivables Due From Other Governments	2 020 202
Other Receivables	2,929,203 950,993
Inventory	31,584
Capital Assets (Net of Accumulated Depreciation)	79,191,536
Net Pension Asset - Proportionate Share	3,393,455
Total Assets	110,434,052
	110,434,032
Deferred Outflows of Resources	
Deferred Amounts From Refunding of Debt, Net of Amortization	281,665
OPEB	4,879,799
Pensions	19,529,072
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	24,690,536
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources	<u>\$ 135,124,588</u>
Liabilities	
Accounts Payable	\$ 296,009
Accrued Liabilities	354,854
Due To	33 1,63 1
Other Governments	117
Teachers' Retirement System	3,518,685
Employees' Retirement System	328,530
Bond Interest Payable	99,762
Unearned Revenue	47,579
Net Pension Liability - Proportionate Share	2,123,774
Noncurrent Liabilities	
Due Within One Year	
Bonds Payable	4,030,000
Energy Performance Contract	593,912
Premium on Bonds Due in More Than One Year	289,913
	167 705
Compensated Absences	167,705
Other Postemployment Benefits Energy Performance Contract	198,879,465
Premium on Bonds	3,487,182 3,177,930
Bonds Payable	21,845,000
Total Liabilities	239,240,417
Total Elabilities	
Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Deferred Amounts From Refunding of Debt, Net of Amortization	312,931
OPEB	49,606,152
Pensions Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	5,370,850 55,289,933
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources	294,530,350
Net Position (Deficit)	
Net Investment in Capital Assets	45,737,235
Restricted	19,051,650
Unrestricted (Deficit)	(224,194,647)
Total Net Position (Deficit)	(159,405,762)
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position	<u>\$ 135,124,588</u>

EAST SYRACUSE MINOA CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

						N	Vet (Expense)				
			_	Program Revenues Operating Capital				Revenue and			
Functions/Programs		Expenses	,	Charges for Services	Grants and Contributions		Grants and Contributions			Changes in Net Position	
General Support	\$	8,324,218	\$	_	\$		\$	60,724	\$	(8,263,494)	
Instruction		61,844,539		738,928		2,388,288				(58,717,323)	
Pupil Transportation		5,352,976								(5,352,976)	
Community Service		235								(235)	
Debt Service - Unallocated Interest		1,233,229								(1,233,229)	
Food Service Program		1,249,779		412,944	_	938,793				101,958	
Total Functions/Programs	\$	78,004,976	\$	1,151,872	\$	3,327,081	\$	60,724		(73,465,299)	
General Revenues											
Real Property Taxes										41,550,890	
STAR and Other Real Property Tax Items										7,212,393	
Nonproperty Tax Items										113,436	
Use of Money and Property										153,562	
Sale of Property and Compensation for Lo	SS									40,902	
State and Federal Sources										29,338,483	
Miscellaneous										1,234,409	
Total General Revenues										79,644,075	
Change in Net Position										6,178,776	
Net Position (Deficit), Beginning	of Y	ear								(165,584,538)	
Net Position (Deficit), End of Yea	ır								\$	(159,405,762)	

EAST SYRACUSE MINOA CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS June 30, 2019

		General		School Lunch	 Special Aid		Debt Service	-	Capital		Total
Assets	_							_		_	
Cash and Cash Equivalents Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents Receivables	\$	4,710,125 5,477,199	\$	260,000	\$ 8,030	\$	5,245,512	\$	8,236,415	\$	4,978,155 18,959,126
Due From Other Governments		2,127,049		82,942	719,212						2,929,203
Due From Other Funds		1,349,429			414						1,349,843
Other Receivables Inventory		187,676		31,584	 				763,317		950,993 31,584
Total Assets	<u>\$</u>	13,851,478	\$	374,526	\$ 727,656	\$	5,245,512	\$	8,999,732	\$	29,198,904
Liabilities											
Payables											
Accounts Payable	\$	274,056	\$		\$ 2,424	\$		\$	19,529	\$	296,009
Accrued Liabilities		354,854									354,854
Due To											
Other Governments				117							117
Other Funds		414			698,165				651,264		1,349,843
Teachers' Retirement System		3,518,685									3,518,685
Employees' Retirement System		328,530									328,530
Unearned Revenue		20,512			 27,067						47,579
Total Liabilities		4,497,051	_	117	 727,656			_	670,793		5,895,617
Fund Balance											
Non-Spendable				31,584							31,584
Restricted		5,477,199					5,245,512		8,328,939		19,051,650
Assigned		584,447		342,825							927,272
Unassigned		3,292,781	_		 	_		_			3,292,781
Total Fund Balance		9,354,427		374,409	 		5,245,512		8,328,939		23,303,287
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	\$	13,851,478	\$	374,526	\$ 727,656	\$	5,245,512	\$	8,999,732	\$	29,198,904

EAST SYRACUSE MINOA CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION June 30, 2019

	Total Governmental Funds (Modified Accrual)		Long-Term Assets & Liabilities		Reclassifications and Eliminations		Statement of Net Position Total
Assets							
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	4,978,155	\$		\$		\$ 4,978,155
Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents		18,959,126					18,959,126
Receivables							
Other Governments		2,929,203				(4.0.40.040)	2,929,203
Other Funds		1,349,843				(1,349,843)	050 003
Other Receivables		950,993					950,993
Inventory		31,584		70 101 526			31,584
Capital Assets				79,191,536 3,393,455			79,191,536 3,393,455
Net Pension Asset - Proportionate Share	-	20.100.004			_	(1.240.042)	
Total Assets		29,198,904		82,584,991		(1,349,843)	110,434,052
Deferred Outflows of Resources							
Debt Refunding, Net of Amortization				281,665			281,665
Deferred Outflows -OPEB				4,879,799			4,879,799
Deferred Outflows -Pensions				19,529,072	-		 19,529,072
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$	29,198,904	\$	107,275,527	\$	(1,349,843)	\$ 135,124,588
Liabilities							
Accounts Payable	\$	296,009	\$		\$		\$ 296,009
Accrued Liabilities		354,854					354,854
Bonds Payable				25,875,000			25,875,000
Other Postemployment Benefits				198,879,465			198,879,465
Energy Performance Contract				4,081,094			4,081,094
Bond Interest Payable				99,762			99,762
Due To							
Other Governments		117					117
Other Funds		1,349,843				(1,349,843)	
Teachers' Retirement System		3,518,685					3,518,685
Employees' Retirement System		328,530		167.705			328,530
Compensated Absences Unearned Revenue		47.570		167,705			167,705
Premium on Bonds, Net		47,579		3,467,843			47,579 3,467,843
Net Pension Liability - Proportionate Share	-			2,123,774			 2,123,774
Total Liabilities		5,895,617		234,694,643	_	(1,349,843)	 239,240,417
Deferred Inflows of Resources							
Deferred Amounts From Refunding Debt,							
Net of Amortization				312,931			312,931
Deferred Inflows - OPEB				49,606,152			49,606,152
Deferred Inflows -Pensions				5,370,850	_		 5,370,850
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources			-	55,289,933	_		 55,289,933
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows		5,895,617		289,984,576		(1,349,843)	294,530,350
Total Fund Balance/Net Position (Deficit)		23,303,287		(182,709,049)			(159,405,762)
	\$	29,198,904		107,275,527	\$	(1,349,843)	 135,124,588

EAST SYRACUSE MINOA CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

			School	Sne	ecial		Debt		
		General	Lunch		id		Service	Capital	 Total
Revenues									
Real Property Taxes	\$	41,550,890	\$	\$		\$		\$	\$ 41,550,890
STAR and Other Real Property Tax Items		7,212,393							7,212,393
Nonproperty Tax Items		113,436							113,436
Charges for Services		738,928							738,928
Use of Money and Property		136,136					17,426		153,562
Sale of Property and Compensation for Loss		40,902							40,902
Miscellaneous		1,118,371			116,038				1,234,409
State Aid		28,803,711	33,801		939,637			60,724	29,837,873
Federal Aid		534,772	904,992		1,448,651				2,888,415
School Lunch Sales			412,944						 412,944
Total Revenues		80,249,539	1,351,737		2,504,326		17,426	60,724	 84,183,752
Expenditures									
General Support		6,467,032			59,695				6,526,727
Instruction		40,352,188		2	2,781,376			528,314	43,661,878
Pupil Transportation		4,115,217			79,220				4,194,437
Community Service		235							235
Food Service Program			1,203,850						1,203,850
Employee Benefits		22,755,235	145,826		234,157				23,135,218
Capital Outlay								100,000	100,000
Debt Service - Principal		4,453,459							4,453,459
Debt Service - Interest		1,586,687							 1,586,687
Total Expenditures	_	79,730,053	1,349,676		3,154,448			628,314	 84,862,491
Excess (Deficit) Revenues Over Expenditures	_	519,486	2,061		(650,122)		17,426	(567,590)	 (678,739)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)									
Transfers from Other Funds					650,122			8,795,627	9,445,749
Transfers to Other Funds		(9,445,749)	-						 (9,445,749)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	_	(9,445,749)			650,122			8,795,627	
Revenues Over Expenditures and									
Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(8,926,263)	2,061				17,426	8,228,037	(678,739)
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	_	18,280,690	372,348				5,228,086	100,902	 23,982,026
Fund Balance, End of Year	<u>\$</u>	9,354,427	<u>\$ 374,409</u>	\$		<u>\$</u>	5,245,512	\$ 8,328,939	\$ 23,303,287

EAST SYRACUSE MINOA CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Net Changes in Fund Balance - Total Governmental Funds		\$	(678,739)
Net Changes in Fund Balance - Total Governmental Funds		Ф	(070,739)
Capital Outlays to purchase or build capital assets are reported in governmental funds as expenditures. However, for governmental activities, those costs are shown in the statement			
of net position and allocated over their useful lives as depreciation expense in the statement			
of activities. This is the amount of depreciation, loss on disposal, and capital outlays in the period.			
Depreciation Expense	(2,689,534)		
Loss on Disposal	(4,550)		
Capital Outlays	1,304,480		(1,389,604)
Debt proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. Repayments of bond			
principal is an expenditure in governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term			
liabilities in the statement of net position. This is the amount of the repayments			
and the change in the premium.			
Repayment of Debt	4,453,459		
Amortization of Bond Premium	289,913		4,743,372
Proceeds of debt refunding and payments to escrow agents as part of debt refunding are reported as other financing sources (uses) in the governmental funds. However, the amount of the proceeds in excess of the defeasance of old debt is deferred in the Statement of Net Position and amortized as a component of interest expense over the remaining life of the new debt.			
This is the amount of amortized interest expense on prior refundings: Amortization of Deferred Amounts from Advance Refunding			45,342
Certain expenses in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.			
Change in Accrued Interest on Serial Bonds	18,203		
Change in Other Postemployment Benefits	2,895,856		
Change in Compensated Absences	(3,122)		
Change in Proportionate Share of Net Pension Expense	547,468		3,458,405
		Ф	(170 77 (
Change in Net Position Governmental Activities		<u>3</u>	6,178,776

EAST SYRACUSE MINOA CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION June 30, 2019

	Private Purpose				
		Trusts		Agency	
Assets					
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Restricted	\$	246,352	\$	158,754	
Total Assets	<u>\$</u>	246,352	\$	158,754	
Liabilities					
Extraclassroom Activity Balances			\$	158,754	
			<u>\$</u>	158,754	
Net Position					
Restricted for Scholarships	\$	246,352			
Total Net Position	\$	246,352			

EAST SYRACUSE MINOA CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Private Purpose Trusts
Additions	
Investment Income	\$ 1,407
Gifts and Contributions	88,020
Total Additions	89,427
Deductions Scholarships and Awards	34,225
Change in Net Position	55,202
Net Position, Beginning of Year	191,150
Net Position, End of Year	<u>\$ 246,352</u>

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the East Syracuse Minoa Central School District (the School District) have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as they apply to governmental units. Those principles are prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), which is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

Certain significant accounting principles and policies utilized by the School District are described below:

Reporting Entity

The School District is governed by the laws of New York State. The School District is an independent entity governed by an elected Board of Education consisting of 9 members. The President of the Board serves as the chief fiscal officer and the Superintendent is the chief executive officer. The Board is responsible for, and controls all, activities related to public school education within the School District. Board members have authority to make decisions, power to appoint management, and primary accountability for all fiscal members.

The reporting entity of the School District is based upon criteria set forth by GASB. The financial reporting entity consists of the primary government, organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable, and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

The accompanying financial statements present the activities of the School District. The School District is not a component unit of another reporting entity. The decision to include a potential component unit in the School District's reporting entity is based on several criteria including legal standing, fiscal dependency, and financial accountability. Based on the application of these criteria, the following is a brief description of certain entities included in the School District's reporting entity.

Extraclassroom Activity Funds

The Extraclassroom Activity Funds of the School District represent funds of the students of the School District. The Board of Education exercises general oversight of these funds. The Extraclassroom Activity Funds are independent of the School District with respect to its financial transactions and the designation of student management. The School District accounts for assets held as an agent for various student organizations in an agency fund. Separate audited financial statements (cash basis) of the Extraclassroom Activity Funds can be found at the School District's administrative offices.

Joint Venture

The School District is a component district in the Onondaga, Cortland, and Madison Counties Board of Cooperative Education Services (BOCES). A BOCES is a voluntary, cooperative association of school districts in a geographic area that shares planning, services, and programs which provide educational and support activities. There is no authority or process by which a School District can terminate its status as a BOCES component.

BOCES' are organized under §1950 of the New York State Education Law. A BOCES' Board is considered a corporate body. Members of a BOCES' Board are nominated and elected by their component member boards in accordance with provisions of §1950 of the New York State Education Law. All BOCES' property is held by the BOCES' Board as a corporation [§1950(6)]. In addition, BOCES' Boards also are considered municipal corporations to permit them to contract with other municipalities on a cooperative basis under §119-n(a) of the New York State General Municipal Law.

A BOCES' budget is comprised of separate budgets for administrative, program, and capital costs. Each component district's share of administrative and capital cost is determined by resident public school district enrollment, as defined in the New York State Education Law, §1950(4)(b)(7). In addition, component districts pay tuition or a service fee for programs in which its students participate.

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

During the year ended June 30, 2019, the district was billed \$6,140,420 for BOCES administrative and program costs.

The District's share of BOCES aid amounts to \$1,871,150. Financial statements for the BOCES are available from the Onondaga, Cortland, and Madison BOCES' administrative office at PO Box 4754, Syracuse, New York 13221.

During the year ended June 30, 2019, the School District issued no debt on behalf of BOCES. However, during 2015, the BOCES issued \$5,890,000 in Revenue Lease Bonds with the Dormitory Authority of the State of New York (DASNY). These bonds will be repaid by the component districts of the BOCES as a lease payment included in the administrative budget of the BOCES over the term of the bonds. During 2019, principal payments of \$140,000 were made and the outstanding balance at June 30, 2019 was \$5,525,000.

Basis of Presentation

(a) District-Wide Statements

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities present financial information about the School District's governmental activities. These statements include the financial activities of the overall government in its entirety, except those that are fiduciary. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal transactions. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, State aid, intergovernmental revenues, and other exchange and nonexchange transactions. Operating grants include operating-specific and discretionary (either operating or capital) grants.

The Statement of Activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function of the School District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with and are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Indirect expenses, principally employee benefits and depreciation expense for the year, are allocated to functional areas in proportion to the payroll expended and total expenditures, respectively, for those areas. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs, and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

(b) Fund Financial Statements

The fund statements provide information about the School District's funds, including fiduciary funds. Separate statements for each fund category (governmental and fiduciary) are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds, each displayed in a separate column. All funds of the School District are displayed as major funds. The School District reports the following governmental funds:

General Fund: This is the School District's primary operating fund used to account for and report all financial resources not accounted for in another fund.

Special Revenue Funds:

Special Aid Fund: This fund accounts for and reports the proceeds of specific revenue sources, such as Federal and State grants, that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.

School Lunch Fund: This fund is used to account for and report transactions of the School District's food service operations.

Capital Projects Fund: This fund is used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted or assigned to expenditures for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets.

Debt Service Fund: This fund accounts for and reports financial resources that are restricted to expenditures for principal and interest. Debt service funds should be used to report resources if legally mandated.

(c) Fiduciary Funds

This fund is used to account for and report fiduciary activities. Fiduciary activities are those in which the School District acts as trustee or agent for resources that belong to others. These activities are not included in the District-wide financial statements, because their resources do not belong to the School District, and are not available to be used. There are two classes of fiduciary funds:

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Private Purpose Trust Funds: These funds are used to account for and report trust arrangements in which principal and income benefits annual third party awards and scholarships for students. Established criteria govern the use of the funds and members of the School District or representatives of the donors may serve on committees to determine who benefits.

Agency Funds: These funds are strictly custodial in nature and do not involve the measurement of results of operations. Assets are held by the School District as agent for various student groups or extraclassroom activity funds and for payroll or employee withholding.

Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The District-wide and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash transaction takes place. Nonexchange transactions, in which the School District gives or receives value without directly receiving or giving equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants, and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

The governmental fund statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available.

The School District considers all revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if the revenues are collected within one year after the end of the fiscal year.

Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, other postemployment benefits, and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

Property Taxes

Real property taxes are levied annually by the Board of Education and become a lien no later than September 1. Taxes are collected during the period September 1 to October 31. Uncollected real property taxes are subsequently enforced by the counties of Onondaga and Madison. The Counties pay an amount representing uncollected real property taxes transmitted to the Counties for enforcement to the School District no later than the following April 1.

Interfund Transactions

The operations of the School District include transactions between funds. These transactions may be temporary in nature, such as with interfund borrowings. The School District typically loans resources between funds for the purpose of providing cash flow. These interfund receivables and payables are expected to be repaid within one year. Permanent transfers of funds include the transfer of expenditures and revenues to provide financing or other services.

The amounts reported on the Statement of Net Position for due to and due from other funds represents amounts due between different fund types (governmental activities and fiduciary funds). Eliminations have been made for amounts due to and due from within the same fund type. A detailed description of the interfund transactions at year end is shown in Note 9 to the financial statements.

Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates. Estimates and assumptions are made in a variety of areas, including computation of encumbrances, compensated absences, other postemployment benefits, potential contingent liabilities, and useful lives of long-lived assets.

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The School District's cash and cash equivalents consist of cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. New York State law governs the School District's investment policies. Resources must be deposited in Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) insured commercial banks or trust companies located within the State. Permissible investments include obligations of the United States Treasury, United States Agencies, repurchase agreements, and obligations of New York State or its localities.

Collateral is required for demand and time deposits and certificates of deposit not covered by FDIC insurance. Obligations that may be pledged as collateral are obligations of the United States and its agencies and obligations of the State and its municipalities and Districts.

Receivables

Receivables are shown gross, with uncollectible amounts recognized under the direct write-off method. No allowance for uncollectible accounts has been provided since it is believed that such allowance would not be material.

Deferred Outflow of Resources

In addition to assets, the Statement of Net Position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The District has three items that qualify for reporting in this category. First is the deferred charge on refunding of debt reported in the District-wide Statement of Net Position. A deferred charge on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt. The second item is related to pensions reported in the District-wide Statement of Net Position. This represents the effect of the net change in the District's proportion of the collective net pension asset or liability and difference during the measurement period between the District's contributions and its proportion share of total contributions not included in pension expense. The third item relates to OPEB reporting in the district wide Statement of Net Position. This represents the effect of the net change in the actual and expected experience.

Inventories

The inventories of food in the School Lunch Fund are recorded at cost on a first-in, first-out basis or, in the case of surplus food donated by the U.S. Department of Agriculture, at the Government's assigned value, which approximates market. A reserve for inventory has been recognized to indicate that this does not constitute available spendable resources.

Capital Assets

Capital assets are reported at actual cost for acquisitions subsequent to July 1, 2003. For assets acquired prior to July 1, 2003, estimated historical costs, based on appraisals conducted by independent third-party professionals were used. Donated assets are reported at estimated fair market value at the time received.

The School District uses capitalization thresholds of \$2,500, (the dollar value above which asset acquisitions are added to the capital asset accounts). The School District uses the straight-line method of depreciation over the following estimated useful lives of capital assets reported in the District-wide statements:

Land Improvements20 YearsMachinery and Equipment5-15 YearsBuildings and Improvements50 YearsLicensed Vehicles8 Years

Unearned Revenue

Unearned revenues are reported when potential revenues do not meet both the measurable and available criteria for recognition in the current period. Unearned revenues also arise when resources are received by the School District before it has legal claim to them, as when grant monies are received prior to the incidence of qualifying expenditures. In subsequent periods, when both recognition criteria are met, or when the School District has legal claim to the resources, the liability for unearned revenues is removed and revenues are recorded.

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Statute provides the authority for the School District to levy taxes to be used to finance expenditures within the first 120 days of the succeeding fiscal year. Consequently, such amounts are recognized as revenue in the subsequent fiscal year, rather than when measurable and available.

Deferred Inflows of Resources

In addition to liabilities, the Statement of Net Position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The District has three items that qualify for reporting in this category. The first arises from a deferred premium from advanced refunding of debt that is being amortized over the life of the debt. The second item is related to pensions reported in the District-wide Statement of Net Position. This represents the effect of the net change in the District's proportion of the collective net pension liability or asset and difference during the measurement periods between the District's contributions and its proportion share of total contributions to the pension systems not included in pension expense. The third item is related to OPEB reported in the district-wide Statement of Net Position. This represents the effect of the net changes of assumptions or other inputs.

Vested Employee Benefits - Compensated Absences

Compensated absences consist of unpaid accumulated sick leave, vacation, and sabbatical time.

The School District employees are granted vacation in varying amounts, based primarily on length of service and service position. Some earned benefits may be forfeited if not taken within varying time periods.

Sick leave eligibility and accumulation is specified in negotiated labor contracts and in individual employment contracts. Upon retirement, resignation, or death, employees may receive a payment based on unused accumulated sick leave, based on contractual provisions.

Consistent with GASB, an accrual for accumulated sick leave is included in the compensated absences liability at year end. The compensated absences liability is calculated based on the pay rates in effect at year end.

In the fund statements, only the amount of matured liabilities is accrued within the General Fund based upon expendable and available financial resources.

Other Benefits

Eligible School District employees participate in the New York State Employees' Retirement System and the New York State Teachers' Retirement System.

In addition to providing pension benefits, the District provides post-employment health insurance coverage and survivor benefits for retired employees and their survivors. Collective bargaining agreements determine if District employees are eligible for these benefits if they reach normal retirement age while working for the District. Health care benefits are provided through plans whose premiums are based on the benefits paid during the year. The cost of providing postemployment benefits is shared between the District and the retired employee. Other postemployment benefit costs are measured and disclosed using the accrual basis of accounting (see Note 10).

Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

Payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the District-wide financial statements. In the governmental funds, payables and accrued liabilities are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources. Claims and judgments, and compensated absences that will be paid from governmental funds, are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment in the current year. Bonds and other long-term obligations that will be paid from governmental funds are recognized as a liability in the fund financial statements when due.

Long-term obligations represent the District's future obligations or future economic outflows. The liabilities are reported as due in one year or due in more than one year in the Statement of Net Position.

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Equity Classifications

(a) District-wide Financial Statements

In the District-wide statements there are three classes of net position:

Net Investment in Capital Assets – consists of net capital assets (cost less accumulated depreciation) reduced by outstanding balances of related debt obligations from the acquisition, construction or improvements of those assets.

Restricted Net Position – reports net position when constraints placed on the assets or deferred outflow of resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, laws or regulations of other governments or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Unrestricted Net Position – reports the balance of the net position that does not meet the definition of the above classifications and are deemed to be available for general use by the District.

(b) Fund Statements

The following classifications describe the relative strength of the spending constraints:

Non-spendable

This category includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. This category consists of the inventories in the School Lunch Fund.

Restricted Resources

This category includes amounts with constraints placed on the use of resources either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors or laws or regulations of other governments; or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. Generally, the District's policy is to use restricted resources only when appropriated by the Board of Education. When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net assets are available, the School District's policy concerning which to apply first varies with the intended use, and with associated legal requirements.

The School District has established the following restricted fund balances:

• Reserve for Employee Benefit Accrued Liability

Employee Benefit Accrued Liability reserve (GML §6-p) is used for the payment of any accrued employee benefit due to an employee upon termination of the employee's service. This reserve fund may be established by a majority vote of the board of education and is funded by budgetary appropriations and such other reserves and funds that may be legally appropriated. The reserve is accounted for in the General Fund.

• Reserve for Tax Certiorari

Tax Certiorari reserve (Education Law §3651(1-a)) is used to accumulate funds to pay judgments and claims resulting from tax certiorari proceedings. Voter approval is not required provided that the monies held do not exceed the anticipated needs of the School District. Amounts in this reserve not necessary to pay judgments and claims must be returned to the General Fund on or before the first day of the fourth fiscal year after the deposit of the monies. This reserve is accounted for in the General Fund.

• Reserve for Unemployment Insurance

Unemployment Insurance reserve (GML §6-m) is used to pay the cost of reimbursement to the State Unemployment Insurance Fund for payments made to claimants where the employer has elected to use the benefit reimbursement method. The reserve may be established by Board action and is funded by budgetary appropriations and such other funds as may be legally appropriated. Within sixty days after the end of any fiscal year, excess amounts may either be transferred to another reserve or the excess applied to the appropriations of the next succeeding fiscal year's budget. If the District elects to convert to tax (contribution) basis, excess resources in the fund over the sum sufficient to pay pending claims may be transferred to any other reserve fund. The reserve is accounted for in the General Fund.

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

• Reserve for Retirement Contribution System

Retirement Contribution Reserve (GML §6-r) must be used for financing retirement contributions to the New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System. This reserve is established by Board resolution and is funded by budgetary appropriation and such other reserves and funds that may be legally appropriated. The reserve must be accounted for separate and apart from all other funds and a detailed report of the operation and condition of the fund must be provided to the Board. This reserve is accounted for in the General Fund. Effective April 1, 2019, a Board may adopt a resolution establishing a sub-fund for contributions to the New York State Teachers' Retirement System. During a fiscal year, the Board may authorize payment into the sub-fund of up to 2% of the total covered salaries paid during the preceding fiscal year, not to exceed a total of 10%. The sub-fund is separately administered, but must comply with all the existing provisions of General Municipal Law §6-r.

• Reserve for Workers' Compensation

Workers' Compensation Reserve (GML §6-j) is used to pay for compensation benefits and other expenses authorized by Article 2 of the Workers' Compensation Law and for payment of expenses of administering this self-insurance program. The reserve may be established by Board action, and is funded by budgetary appropriations and such other funds as may be legally appropriated. Within sixty days after the end of any fiscal year, excess amounts may either be transferred to another reserve or the excess applied to the appropriations of the next succeeding fiscal year's budget. The reserve is accounted for in the General Fund.

• Reserve for Capital Projects

Capital reserve (Education law §3651) is used to accumulate funds to finance all or a portion of future capital projects for which bonds may be issued. The creation of a capital reserve fund requires authorization by a majority of the voters establishing the purpose of the reserve; the ultimate amount, its probable term, and the source of the funds. Expenditures may be made from the reserve only for a specific purpose further authorized by the voters. Total expenditures over the life of each capital reserve may not exceed the voter approved maximum. Funds may be transferred to other reserves only with voter approval. The reserve is accounted for in the General Fund.

• Capital Projects Fund

This fund is used to account for and report the financial resources that are restricted by a voter approved proposition for acquisition, construction or major repair of capital facilities.

• Debt Service Fund

This fund is used to account for and report the financial resources that are restricted to pay debt service. The funds include unused debt proceeds and interest and earnings on the temporary investment of debt proceeds. This reserve is accounted for in the Debt Service Fund.

Unrestricted Resources

When an expenditure is incurred for which committed, assigned, or unassigned fund balances are available, the School District considers amounts to have been spent first out of committed funds, then assigned funds, and finally unassigned funds, as needed, unless the School District has provided otherwise in its commitment or assignment actions.

- *Committed* Includes amounts that can only be used for the specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the school districts highest level of decision making authority, i.e., the Board of Education. The School District has no committed fund balances as of June 30, 2019.
- Assigned Includes amounts that are constrained by the School District's intent to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed. Intent is expressed by (a) the Board of Education or (b) the designated official, such as the District's Purchasing Agent, to which the Board has delegated the authority to assign amounts to be used for specific purposes. All encumbrances, other than in the Capital Fund, are classified as Assigned Fund Balance in the applicable fund. The amount appropriated for the subsequent year's budget of the General fund is also classified as Assigned Fund Balance in the General Fund.
- Unassigned Includes all other fund balances that do not meet the definition of the above two classifications and are
 deemed to be available for general use by the School District. In other governmental funds, if expenditures incurred for

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

specific purposes exceeded the amounts restricted, committed, or assigned to those purposes, it may be necessary to report a negative unassigned fund balance in the respective fund.

(c) Reserve for Endowment and Scholarships

This reserve is used to account for various endowment and scholarship awards. This reserve is accounted for in the fiduciary fund.

(d) Order of Use of Fund Balance

In circumstances where an expenditure is incurred for the purpose for which amounts are available in multiple fund balance classifications, (e.g. expenditures related to reserves) the Board will assess the current financial condition of the School District and then determine the order of application of expenditures to which the fund balance classification will be charged.

Future Changes in Accounting Standards

- GASB Statement No. 84 Fiduciary Activities Effective for the year ended June 30, 2020
- GASB Statement No. 87 Leases Effective for the year ended June 30, 2021

The school district will evaluate the impact these pronouncements may have on its financial statements and will implement it as applicable and when material.

2. <u>EXPLANATION OF DIFFERENCES BETWEEN GOVERNMENTAL FUND STATEMENTS AND DISTRICT-WIDE STATEMENTS</u>

Due to the differences in the measurement focus and basis of accounting used in the governmental fund statements and the District-wide statements, certain financial transactions are treated differently. The basic financial statements contain a full reconciliation of these items. The differences result primarily from the economic resource management focus of the Statement of Activities, compared with the current financial resource management focus of the governmental funds.

Total Fund Balances of Governmental Funds Compared To Net Position of Governmental Activities

Total fund balances of the School District's governmental funds differ from "net position" of governmental activities reported in the Statement of Net Position. This difference primarily results from the additional long-term economic focus of the Statement of Net Position versus the solely current financial resources focus of the governmental fund Balance Sheet.

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes In Fund Balance Compared To Statement of Activities

Differences between the governmental funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance and the Statement of Activities fall into one of six broad categories.

(a) Long-Term Revenue and Expenditure Differences

Long-term revenue differences arise because governmental funds report revenues only when they are considered "available," whereas the Statement of Activities reports revenues when earned. Differences in long-term expenses arise because governmental funds report on a modified accrual basis, whereas the accrual basis of accounting is used on the Statement of Activities.

(b) Capital Related Differences

Capital related differences include the difference between proceeds for the sale of capital assets reported on governmental fund statements and the gain or loss on the sale of assets as reported on the Statement of Activities, and the difference between recording an expenditure for the purchase of capital items in the governmental fund statements and depreciation expense on those items as recorded in the Statement of Activities.

(c) Long-Term Debt Transaction Differences

Long-term debt transaction differences occur because both interest and principal payments are recorded as expenditures in the governmental fund statements, whereas interest payments are recorded in the Statement of Activities as incurred, and principal payments are recorded as a reduction of liabilities in the Statement of Net Position.

(d) Employee Benefit Allocation

Expenditures for employee benefits are not allocated to a specific function on the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances based on the requirements of New York State. These costs have been allocated based on total salary for each function.

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

(e) Pension Differences

Pension differences occur as a result of changes in the District's proportion of the collective net pension asset/liability and differences between the District's contributions and its proportionate share of the total contributions to the pension systems.

(f) OPEB Differences

OPEB differences occur as a result of changes in the District's total OPEB liability and differences between the District's contributions and OPEB expense.

3. STEWARDSHIP AND COMPLIANCE

Fund Balance Limitations

NYS Real Property Tax Law 1318 limits the amount of unexpended surplus funds a school district can retain to no more than 4% of the School District's budget for the General Fund for the ensuing fiscal year. Nonspendable and restricted fund balance of the General Fund are excluded from the 4% limitation. Amounts appropriated for the subsequent year and encumbrances are also excluded from the 4% limitation. At June 30, 2019 the District's unexpended surplus funds was 4.00% of the 2019-2020 budget.

Statutory Debt Limit

At June 30, 2019, the School District was in compliance with the statutory debt limit.

Budgetary Procedures and Budgetary Accounting

The School District administration prepares a proposed budget for approval by the Board of Education for the General Fund for which legal (appropriated) budgets are adopted.

Appropriations are adopted at the program line item level.

Appropriations established by the adoption of the budget constitute a limitation on expenditures (and encumbrances) which may be incurred. Appropriations lapse at the end of the fiscal year unless expended or encumbered. Encumbrances will lapse if not expended in the subsequent year. Appropriations authorized for the current year are increased by the planned use of specific reserves, and budget amendments approved the Board of Education as a result of selected new revenue sources not included in the original budget (when permitted by law). These supplemental appropriations may occur subject to legal restrictions, if the Board approves them because of a need that exists which was not determined at the time the budget was adopted. During the year ended June 30, 2019, the District made supplemental appropriations of \$115,000 for the use of Legislative Grant, \$17,000 for the use of the Load Aviation Grant, \$73,275 for the use of the EBLAR Reserve, \$623,178 for the use of the ERS Reserve , \$65,821 for the use of the Workers Compensation Reserve, \$8,795,627 for the use of the Capital Reserve and \$626,578 for the purchase of a new bus.

Budgets are adopted annually on a basis consistent with GAAP. Appropriations authorized for the year are increased by the amount of encumbrances carried forward from the prior year.

Budgets are established and used for individual capital project funds expenditures as approved by a special referendum of the District's voters. The maximum project amount authorized is based primarily upon the cost of the project, plus any requirements for external borrowings, not annual appropriations. These budgets do not lapse and are carried over to subsequent fiscal years until the completion of the projects.

Encumbrances

Encumbrance accounting is used for budget control and monitoring purposes and is reported as a part of the governmental funds. Under this method, purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded to reserve applicable appropriations. Outstanding encumbrances as of year-end are presented as assigned fund balance and do not represent expenditures or liabilities. These commitments will be honored in the subsequent period. Related expenditures are recognized at that time, as the liability is incurred or the commitment is paid.

4. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the School District's deposits may not be returned to it. While the School District does not have a specific policy for custodial credit risk, New York State statutes govern the School District's

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

investment policies, as discussed previously in these notes. GASB directs that deposits be disclosed as exposed to custodial credit risk if they are not covered by depository insurance and the deposits are either:

- A. Uncollateralized;
- B. Collateralized by securities held by the pledging financial institution, or
- C. Collateralized by securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent but not in the District's name.

As of June 30, 2019, the School District's bank balances totaling \$27,739,296 were fully collateralized by securities held by an agent of the pledging financial institution in the School District's name, FDIC insurance and NCUA insurance and were not exposed to custodial credit risk.

Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents

Restricted cash of \$5,477,199 in the General Fund represents amounts in the following reserves: \$1,252,070 for Worker's Compensation, \$558,289 for Unemployment Insurance, \$1,592,641 for Tax Certiorari, \$73,520 for Employee Benefit Liability Reserve, \$822,086 for Retirement Contribution Reserve-ERS, \$372,724 for Retirement Contribution Reserve -TRS and \$805,869 for Capital Reserve.

Restricted cash of \$5,245,512 in the Debt Service Fund represents reserves for future debt service.

Restricted cash of \$8,236,415 in the Capital fund represents reserves for capital projects.

Restricted cash of \$405,106 in the fiduciary funds represents funds gifted to the School District for scholarships and awards to students and extraclassroom funds.

5. <u>DUE FROM OTHER GOVERNMENTS</u>

Due from other governments in the general fund at June 30, 2019, consisted of:

New York State – Excess Cost Aid	\$ 1,232,240
BOCES Aid	842,018
Medicaid	 52,791
Total Due from Other Governments	\$ 2,127,049

6. <u>CAPITAL ASSETS</u>

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2019, is as follows:

	Beginnning			Ending
	Balance	Additions	Deletions	Balance
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated				
Land	\$ 2,087,204	\$	\$	\$ 2,087,204
Construction in Progress		467,590	-	467,590
Total	2,087,204	467,590		\$ 2,554,794
Capital Assets Being Depreciated				
Land Improvements	3,052,904			3,052,904
Buildings and Improvements	103,411,693			103,411,693
Machinery and Equipment	4,426,394	148,106	21,788	4,552,712
Licensed Vehicles	7,173,149	688,784	507,560	7,354,373
Total	118,064,140	836,890	529,348	118,371,682
Accumulated Depreciation				
Land Improvements	2,803,601	58,238		2,861,839
Buildings and Improvements	29,264,911	1,822,781		31,087,692
Machinery and Equipment	2,478,473	256,041	17,238	2,717,276
Licensed Vehicles	5,023,219	552,474	507,560	5,068,133
Total	39,570,204	2,689,534	524,798	41,734,940
Net Capital Assets Being Depreciated	78,493,936	(1,852,644)	4,550	76,636,742
Net Capital Assets	\$ 80,581,140	\$ (1,385,054)	<u>\$ 4,550</u>	<u>\$ 79,191,536</u>

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Depreciation expense was allocated based on estimated usage by function as follows:

Function/Program	
General Support	\$ 349,639
Instruction	1,828,883
Pupil Transportation	484,116
Food Service Program	 26,896
Total Depreciation	\$ 2,689,534

7. NONCURRENT LIABILITIES

Noncurrent liability balances and activity are as follows:

		Beginning Balance	Additions	Deletions		Ending Balance		Amounts Due Within One Year
Bonds and Contract Payable				 _				_
Serial Bonds	\$	29,765,000	\$	\$ 3,890,000	\$	25,875,000	\$	4,030,000
Unamortized Premium		3,757,756		289,913		3,467,843		289,913
Energy Performance Contract		4,644,553		563,459		4,081,094		593,912
Total Serial Bonds and Energy								
Performance Contract	_	38,167,309		 4,743,372	_	33,423,937	_	4,913,825
Other Liabilities								
Compensated Absences		164,583	3,122			167,705		
Other Postemployment Benefit Liability		224,082,858	13,835,699	39,039,092		198,879,465		
Total Long Term Liabilities	\$	262,414,750	\$ 13,838,821	\$ 43,782,464	\$	232,471,107	\$	4,913,825

The following is a statement of the School District's serial bonds with corresponding maturity schedules:

	Date of			Date of			
	Original	Original Original		Final	Interest	O	utstanding
Payable From/Description	Issue	Amount		Maturity	Rate (%)		Amount
2011 Refunding Serial Bonds	07/11	\$	9,350,000	12/21	2.0-5.0	\$	3,005,000
2011 Refunding Serial Bonds	12/11	\$	9,365,000	04/21	2.0-5.0		1,985,000
2016 Serial Bonds	06/16	\$	18,820,000	06/31	2.0-5.0		16,255,000
2016 Refunding Serial Bonds	05/16	\$	3,920,000	06/23	2.0-5.0		3,025,000
2017 Refunding Serial Bonds	10/18	\$	2,125,000	05/26	2.0-4.0		1,605,000
Total						\$	25,875,000

Principal and interest payments due on long-term debt are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending	Serial Bonds						Energ			gy Performance Contract			
June 30,		Principal		Interest		Total		Principal		Interest		Total	
2020	\$	4,030,000	\$	1,193,250	\$	5,223,250	\$	593,912	\$	209,852	\$	803,764	
2021		4,205,000		1,014,850		5,219,850		626,011		177,753		803,764	
2022		3,340,000		819,575		4,159,575		659,845		143,919		803,764	
2023		1,890,000		695,850		2,585,850		695,508		108,257		803,765	
2024		1,515,000		609,450		2,124,450		733,098		70,667		803,765	
2025-2029		7,485,000		1,979,450		9,464,450		772,720		31,046		803,766	
2030-2031		3,410,000		257,750		3,667,750					_		
Total	\$	25,875,000	\$	6,570,175	\$	32,445,175	\$	4,081,094	\$	741,494	\$	4,822,588	

Total interest for the year was as follows:

Interest Paid	\$	1,586,687
Less: Interest Accrued in the Prior Year		(117,965)
Amortization of Deferred Amounts from Refunding		(45,342)
Amortization of Bond Premium		(289,913)
Plus: Interest Accrued in the Current Year		99,762
Total Interest Expense on Long-Term Debt	<u>\$</u>	1,233,229

Other Debt - Energy Performance Contract

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

The East Syracuse-Minoa Central School District entered into an energy performance contract during the year ended June 30, 2009. The contract is defined in Section 9-102(4) of the New York State Energy Law as: "an agreement for the provision of energy services, including but not limited to electricity, heating, ventilation, cooling, steam, or hot water, in which a person agrees to install, maintain, or manage energy systems or equipment to improve the energy efficiency of, or produce energy in connection with a building or facility in exchange for a portion of the energy savings or revenues." The contract is accounted for as a capital lease. The total net present value of the lease at June 30, 2019, is \$4,081,094.

Prior-Year Defeasance of Debt

In prior years, the School District defeased certain general obligation bonds by placing the proceeds of new bonds in an irrevocable trust to provide for all future debt service payments on the old bonds. Accordingly, the trust account assets and the liability for the defeased bonds are not included in the School District's financial statements. At June 30, 2019, \$9,875,000 of bonds outstanding were considered defeased.

Deferred Inflows of Resources

The difference of \$1,039,818 between the reacquisition price of the new bonds and the net carrying amount of the old bonds has been reported as a deferred inflow of resources on the Statement of Net Position and is being amortized on the District—wide financial statements using the straight—line method over 8 to 10 years, the remaining time to maturity of the refunded bonds. The current—year amortization is \$100,750 and is included as a reduction to interest expense on the government-wide financial statements. The balance of the deferred amounts from the refunding of debt, net of amortization recorded on the Statement of Net Position is as follows:

Deferred Amount from Refunding of Debt	\$ 1,039,818
Less: Accumulated Amortization	 (726,887)
Net Capitalized Refunding of Debt Costs	\$ 312,931

Deferred Outflows of Resources

The deferred loss on the advance refunding of a portion of the 2008 and 2010 Series Bonds has been deferred and recorded as a deferred outflow on the District-wide financial statements. The cost is being amortized using the straight-line method over 8 years, the remaining time to maturity of the bonds. The current year amortization is \$55,408 and is included as an addition to interest expense on the statement of activities.

Deferred Amount from Refunding of Debt	\$ 443,262			
Less: Amount Recognized	 (161,597)			
Net Capitalized Refunding of Debt Costs	\$ 281,665			

Unamortized Premium

The original issue premium on 2016 serial bond has been deferred and recorded as an addition to long-term liabilities on the District-side financial statements. The premium is being amortized using the straight-line method over 15 years, the remaining time to maturity of the respective bond issue. The current year amortization is \$289,913 and is included as a reduction to interest expense on the statement of activities.

Deferred Premium from Issuance of Debt	\$ 4,348,702	
Less: Accumulated Amortization		(880,859)
Net Unamortized Premium	\$	3,467,843

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

8. <u>PENSION PLANS</u>

A. New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System (ERS)

(a) Plan Description

The School District participates in the New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System (ERS). This is a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system. The system provides retirement benefits as well as death and disability benefits.

The net position of the System is held in the New York State Common Retirement Fund (the Fund), which was established to hold all net assets and record changes in plan net position allocated to the System. The Comptroller of the State of New York serves as the trustee of the Fund and is the administrative head of the System. The Comptroller is an elected official determined in a direct statewide election and serves a four year term. Thomas P. DiNapoli has served as Comptroller since February 7, 2007. In November, 2018, he was elected for a new term commencing January 1, 2019. System benefits are established under the provisions of the New York State Retirement and Social Security Law (RSSL). Once a public employer elects to participate in the System, the election is irrevocable. The New York State Constitution provides that pension membership is a contractual relationship and plan benefits cannot be diminished or impaired. Benefits can be changed for future members only by enactment of a State statute. The School District also participates in the Public Employees' Group Life Insurance Plan (GLIP), which provides death benefits in the form of life insurance. The System maintains records and accounts, and prepares financial statements using the accrual basis of accounting. Contributions are recognized when due. Benefit payments are recognized when due and payable. Investments are recognized at fair value. The System is included in the State's financial report as a pension trust fund. That report, including information with regard to benefits provided, may be found www.osc.state.ny.us/retire/publications/index.php or obtained by writing to the New York State and Local Retirement at System, 110 State Street, Albany, NY 12244.

(b) Contributions

The System is noncontributory for employees who joined prior to July 28, 1976. For employees who joined after July 27, 1976, and prior to January 1, 2010, employees contribute 3% of their salary for the first ten years of membership. Employees who joined on or after January 1, 2010 and prior to April 1, 2012, are required to contribute 3% of their annual salary for their entire working career. Employees who joined on or after April 1, 2012 must contribute at a specific percentage of earnings (between 3 and 6%) based on their total annualized salary for their entire career. Under the authority of the RSSL, the Comptroller certifies the actuarially determined rates expressly used in computing the employers' contributions based on salaries paid during the Systems' fiscal year ending March 31. All required contributions for the NYSERS fiscal year ended March 31, 2019, were paid.

The required contributions for the current year and two preceding years were:

	 Amount		
2017	\$ 1,248,953		
2018	\$ 1,218,255		
2019	\$ 1,274,458		

(c) Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2019, the School District reported a liability of \$2,123,774 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of March 31, 2019, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The School District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the School District's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating members, actuarially determined.

At June 30, 2019, the School District's proportion was 0.0299744 percent, which is an increase of 0.002375 as compared to the School District's proportion at June 30, 2018.

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the School District recognized pension expense of \$1,462,281. At June 30, 2019, the School District reported deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences Between Expected and Actual Experience	\$	418,216	\$	142,565
Change of Assumptions		533,830		
Net Difference Between Projected and Actual Earnings on				
Pensions Plan Investments				545,078
Changes in Proportion and Differences Between Contributions				
and Proportionate Share of Contributions		336,595		84,503
Contributions Subsequent to the Measurement Date		328,530		
Total	\$	1,617,171	\$	772,146

At June 30, 2019, \$328,530 was reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from School District contributions subsequent to the measurement date. The amount will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability for the year ended June 30, 2019. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended March 31:

2020	\$ 531,409
2021	\$ (360,460)
2022	\$ 13,327
2023	\$ 332,219

(d) Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability at March 31, 2019 was determined by using an actuarial valuation as of April 1, 2018, with update procedures used to roll forward the total pension liability to March 31, 2019. The actuarial valuation used the following actuarial assumptions.

Significant actuarial assumptions used in the April 1, 2018 valuation were as follows:

Investment Rate of Return

(Net of Investment Expense,

including Inflation) 7.00% Cost of Living Adjustments 1.30% Salary Scale 4.20%

Decrement Tables April 1, 2010 - March 31, 2015

System's Experience

Inflation Rate 2.50%

Annuitant mortality rates are based on April 1, 2010 - March 31, 2015 System's experience with adjustments for mortality improvements based on MP-2014.

The actuarial assumptions used in the April 1, 2018 valuation are based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period April 1, 2010 - March 31, 2015.

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

The long term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building block method in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns net of investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the target asset allocation as of March 31, 2019 are summarized below.

		Long-Term
	Target	Expected Real
Asset Class	Allocation	Rate of Return
Domestic Equity	36.00%	4.55%
International Equity	14.00%	6.35%
Private Equity	10.00%	7.50%
Real Estate	10.00%	5.55%
Absolute Return Strategies	2.00%	3.75%
Opportunistic Portfolio	3.00%	5.68%
Real Assets	3.00%	5.29%
Bonds and Mortgages	17.00%	1.31%
Cash	1.00%	-0.25%
Inflation-Indexed Bonds	4.00%	1.25%
_	100%	

The real rate of return is net of the long-term inflation assumption of 2.50%

(e) Discount Rate

The discount rate used to calculate the total pension asset/liability was 7.0%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rates and that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially. Based upon the assumptions, the System's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension asset/liability.

(f) Sensitivity of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to the Discount Rate Assumption

The following presents the School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.0 percent, as well as what the School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower (6.0 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.0 percent) than the current rate:

		1%		Current		1%
]	Decrease	Ass	umption		Increase
		(6.0%)	<u>C</u>	7.0%)		(8.0%)
Proportionate Share of						
the Net Pension Liability (Assets)	\$	9,285,480	\$	2,123,774	\$	(3,892,566)

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

(g) Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the Plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued ERS financial report.

(h) Payables to the Pension Plan

The School District has recorded an amount due to ERS in amount of \$328,530 at June 30, 2019. This amount represents the three months of the School District's fiscal year that will be covered in the ERS 2019-2020 billing cycle and has been accrued as an expenditure in the current year.

B. New York State Teachers' Retirement System (TRS)

(a) Plan Description

The School District participates in the New York Teachers' Retirement System (TRS). This is a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system. The system provides retirement benefits as well as death and disability benefits.

The TRS was created and exists pursuant to Article 11 of the New York State Education Law. TRS is administered by the system and governed by a ten-member board to provide these benefits to teachers employed by participating employers in the State of New York, excluding New York City. The System provides benefits to plan members and beneficiaries as authorized by the New York State Law and may be amended only by the Legislature with the Governor's approval. Benefit provisions vary depending on date of membership and membership class (6 tiers). TRS issues a publicly available financial report that contains basic financial statements and required supplementary information for the System. For additional plan information please refer to the NYSTRS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report which can be found on the TRS website located at www.nystrs.org.

(b) Contributions

Pursuant to Article 11 of the New York State Education Law, employers are required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate adopted annually by the Retirement Board. Tier 3 and Tier 4 members who have less than 10 years of service or membership are required by law to contribute 3% of salary to the System. Tier 5 members are required by law to contribute between 3% and 6% of salary throughout their active membership. Tier 6 members are required by law to contribute between 3% and 6% of salary throughout their active membership in accordance with a schedule based upon salary earned. Pursuant to Article 14 and Article 15 of the Retirement and Social Security Law, those member contributions are used to help fund the benefits provided by the System. However, if a member dies or leaves covered employment with less than 5 years of credited service for Tiers 3 and 4, or 10 years of credited service for Tiers 5 and 6, the member contributions with interest calculated at 5% per annum are refunded to the employee or designated beneficiary. Eligible Tier 1 and Tier 2 members may make member contributions under certain conditions pursuant to the provisions of Article 11 of the Education Law and Article 11 of the Retirement and Social Security Law. Upon termination of membership, such accumulated member contributions are refunded. At retirement, such accumulated member contributions can be withdrawn or are paid as a life annuity.

The required employer contributions for the current year and two preceding years were:

	 Amount
2017	\$ 3,402,512
2018	\$ 2,995,695
2019	\$ 3,341,525

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

(c) Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2019, the School District reported an asset of \$3,393,455 for its proportionate share of the net pension asset. The net pension asset was measured as of June 30, 2018, and the total pension asset used to calculate the net pension asset was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2016. The School District's proportion of the net pension asset was based on a projection of the School District's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating members, actuarially determined.

At June 30, 2018, the School District's proportion was 0.187664 percent, an increase of 0.004331 from the District's proportion at June 30, 2017.

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the School District recognized a pension expense of \$2,605,104. At June 30, 2019, the School District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows		Deferred Inflows		
	of Resources			of Resources	
Differences Between Expected and Actual Experience	\$	2,535,901	\$	459,351	
Changes of Assumptions		11,862,350			
Net Difference Between Projected and Actual Earnings on					
Pensions Plan Investments				3,766,993	
Changes in Proportion and Differences Between Contributions					
and Proportionate Share of Contributions		172,125		372,360	
Contributions Subsequent to the Measurement Date		3,341,525			
Total	\$	17,911,901	\$	4,598,704	

Amounts reported as deferred outflows/inflows of resources related to pensions resulting from School District contributions subsequent to the measurement date, if any, will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension asset. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended June 30:

2019	\$ 3,374,383
2020	\$ 2,282,345
2021	\$ 216,554
2022	\$ 2,274,350
2023	\$ 1,507,019
Thereafter	\$ 317.021

(d) Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension asset at June 30, 2018 measurement date was determined by using an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2016, with update procedures used to roll forward the total pension asset to June 30, 2018. The actuarial valuation used the following actuarial assumptions.

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Investment Rate of Return

Salary Scale

7.25 % compounded annually, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation.

Rates of increase differ based on service.

They have been calculated based upon recent NYSTRS member experience.

Service	Rate
5	4.72%
15	3.46%
25	2.37%
35	1.90%

Projected COLAs 1.5% compounded annually.

Inflation Rate 2.25%

Annuitant mortality rates are based on plan member experience, with adjustments for mortality improvements based on the Society of Actuaries Scale MP 2014, applied on a generational basis. Active member mortality rates are based on those used in the NYS/SUNY "Development of Recommended Actuarial Assumptions Participating Agency Version" dated September 2016.

The actuarial assumptions were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2009 to June 30, 2014.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined in accordance with Actuarial Standard of Practice (ASOP) No. 27, Selection of Economic Assumptions for Measuring Pension Obligations. ASOP No. 27 provides guidance on the selection of an appropriate assumed investment rate of return. Consideration was given to expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) for each major asset class as well as historical investment data and plan performance.

Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the System's target asset allocation as of the measurement date of June 30, 2018 is summarized in the following table:

	Target	Long-Term Expected
Asset Class	Allocation	Real Rate of Return*
Domestic equities	33.0%	5.8%
International equities	16.0%	7.3%
Global equities	4.0%	6.7%
Real estate equities	11.0%	4.9%
Private Equities	8.0%	8.9%
Domestic fixed income securities	16.0%	1.3%
Global fixed income securities	2.0%	0.9%
High-yield fixed income securities	1.0%	3.5%
Private debt	1.0%	6.8%
Real estate debt	7.0%	2.8%
Short-term	1.0%	0.3%
	100.0%	<u>.</u>

^{*} Real rates of return are net of the long-term inflation assumption of 2.3% for 2018.

(e) Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the pension liability (asset) was 7.25 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current member contribution rates and that contributions from school districts will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the System's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension asset.

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

(f) Sensitivity of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) to the Discount Rate Assumption

The following presents School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) calculated using the discount rate of 7.25 percent, as well as what the School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.25 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.25 percent) than the current rate:

	1%	Current		1%
	Decrease	Assumption		Increase
	<u>6.25%</u>	<u>7.25%</u>		<u>8.25%</u>
Proportionate Share of				
the Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$ 23,313,587	\$ (3,393,455)) \$	(25,766,534)

(g) Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the Plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued TRS financial report.

(h) Payables to the Pension Plan

The School District has recorded an amount due to TRS in amount of \$3,341,525 (not including the employee share) in the General Fund at June 30, 2019. This amount represents contribution for the 2018-2019 fiscal year that will be made in 2019-2020 and has been accrued as an expenditure in the current year.

9. INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

	Interfund			Interfund			l	
Fund	Re	ceivables		Payables	F	Revenues	Ex	penditures
General	\$	1,349,429	\$	414	\$		\$	9,445,749
Special Aid		414		698,165		650,122		
Capital Fund				651,264		8,795,627		
Total	\$	1,349,843	\$	1,349,843	\$	9,445,749	\$	9,445,749

- Interfund receivables and payables are typically liquidated within 1 year and are for cash flow purposes.
- The School District typically transfers from the General Fund to the Special Aid Fund, as a required local match for federal and state grants
- The School District transferred a total of \$8,795,627 from the General Fund to the Capital Fund for the District wide construction/renovation project.

10. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

(a) Plan Description

The School District administers a self-insured Minimum Premium Traditional Indemnity Plan to eligible retirees and dependents. The Plan provides for continuation of medical insurance benefits for certain retirees and their spouses and can be amended by action of the School District subject to applicable collective bargaining and employment agreements as follows:

- Eligibility Employees must have at least 10 years of continuous service and retire as a member of the NYS Pension Retirement System and be eligible to collect benefits.
- Retiree Benefit All retirees meeting the eligibility requirements and having between 10 and 14 continuous years of service are responsible for 30% of the premium for either single or family coverage. Retirees having over 15 years of continuous years of service are responsible for 0% of the premium for single coverage or 15% of the premium for family coverage. Teachers retiring with at least 15 years of service and an accrued balance of sick/personal days will be eligible for extended individual dental coverage in retirement at a cost equal to 15% of the premium. Years of coverage for the dental coverage depend on the number of sick days accrued.

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

- Teachers hired on/after July 1,2016 that meet the above eligibility requirements and have at least 10 years but less than 15 years of continuous service to the District in an appointed position, are responsible for 30% of the premium for either single or family coverage. Retirees that have 15 or more years of continuous service are responsible for 10% of premium for single coverage or 15% for family coverage.
- Length of coverage: All teachers hired on/after July 1, 2017 will receive postemployment medical coverage from the District for a period of seven years after the date of retirement. The District provides lifetime medical coverage to all other retirees and their spouses.

The Plan does not issue a standalone publicly available financial report since no assets are accumulated in a trust that meets all of the criteria in GASB Statement No. 75, paragraph 4.

(b) Benefits Provided

The obligations of the Plan members, employers, and other entities are established by action of the School District pursuant to applicable collective bargaining and employment agreements. The required contribution rates of the employer and the members vary depending on the applicable agreement. For the year ended June 30, 2019, the School District's Plan contributions ranged from 70% to 100% of the required annual premiums.

(c) Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

	Total
Inactive employees currently receiving benefit payments	533
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefit payments	0
Active employees	666
Total	1,199

(d) Total OPEB Liability

The District's total OPEB liability of \$198,879,465 was measured as of July 1, 2018 and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

(e) Changes in the Net OPEB Liability

Changes in the District's total OPEB liability were as follows:

	Total OPEB		
	Liability		
Balances, June 30, 2018	\$	224,082,858	
Changes recognized for the year:			
Service cost		7,087,414	
Interest on Total OPEB Liability		8,239,606	
Changes of Benefit Terms		(1,491,321)	
Differences between expected and actual experience		(26,644,202)	
Change in assumptions and other inputs		(7,810,251)	
Benefit payments		(4,584,639)	
Net changes		(25,203,393)	
Balances, June 30, 2019	\$	198,879,465	

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

(f) Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

The total OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2018, using the measurement date of June 1, 2018 and rolled forward to June 30, 2019, the reporting date. The following actuarial assumptions applied to all periods in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Actuarial Assumptions

Valuation Date July 1, 2018

Measurement Date July 1, 2018

Reporting Date June 30, 2019

Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Normal - Level Percent of Pay
Plan Type Single Employer Defined Benefit Plan

Inflation rate 2.40%

Healthcare Cost Trend Rates 8.00 to 3.94%

Discount Rate 3.87%

Mortality - Actives RPH-2014 Mortality Table for employees, sex

distinct, with generational mortality adjusted to 2006 using scale MP-2014, and projected forward

with scale MP-2018

The following changes in actuarial assumptions have been made since the prior measurement date:

• Changes of assumptions and other inputs reflect a change in the discount rate from 3.60% on July 1, 2017 to 3.87% percent on July 1, 2018.

Discount Rate – The selected discount rate of 3.87% is based on the prescribed discount interest rate methodology under GASB 75 based on an average of three 20-year bond indices (Bond Buyer-20 Bond GO Index) as of July 1, 2018.

Cash Flows – The cash flows into and out of the Plan are expected to be consistent with the above assumptions and Plan descriptions of participant contributions.

(g) Sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the District, as well as what the District's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (2.87 percent) or 1 percentage point higher (4.87 percent) than the current discount rate:

	1%	Current	1%
	Decrease 2. 87%	Assumption 3. 87%	Increase 4. 87%
Total OPEB liability	\$ 235,607,540	\$ 198,879,465	\$ 169,605,651

(h) Sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the District, as well as what the District's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1 percentage point lower (7.00 declining to 2.94 percent) or 1 percentage point higher (9.00 declining to 4.94 percent) than the current healthcare cost trend rate:

	1%	Current	1%
	Decrease	Assumption	Increase
	7-2.94%	8-3.94%	 9-4.94%
Total OPEB liability	\$ 166,643,624	\$ 198,879,465	\$ 240,654,442

Sensitivity analysis for healthcare cost inflation (trend) rate is illustrated as of end of year.

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

(i) OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$1,983,943. At June 30, 2019, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows	Defe	erred Inflows
	of Resources	of	Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	\$	21,903,241
Changes of assumptions			27,702,911
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date	4,879,799		
Total	\$ 4,879,799	\$	49,606,152

Contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized in the subsequent year. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year ended June 30:	 Amount
2020	\$ 11,851,756
2021	11,851,756
2022	11,851,756
2023	10,249,856

11. CONTINGENCIES

Risk Financing and Related Insurance

(a) General Information

The East Syracuse Minoa Central School District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; injuries to employees; errors and omissions and natural disasters. These risks are covered by commercial insurance purchased from independent third parties. Settled claims from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage for the past three years.

(b) Nonpool, Risk Retained

The East Syracuse Minoa Central School District has chosen to establish a Risk Financing Fund for risks associated with the Workers' Compensation Plan. The Risk Financing Fund is accounted for in the General Fund where assets are set aside for claim settlements.

Liabilities of the Fund/Plan are reported when it is probable that a loss has occurred and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. Liabilities do not include an amount for claims that have been incurred but not reported (IBNR) since these amounts cannot be reasonably estimated.

(c) Pool, Non-Risk Retained

For its employee health insurance coverage, the East Syracuse Minoa Central School District is a participant in the Cooperative Health Insurance Fund of Central New York, a public entity risk pool operated for the benefit of 28 individual governmental units located within the counties of Onondaga, Cortland, and Madison. The School District pays an annual premium to the Plan for this employee health insurance coverage. The Cooperative Health Insurance Fund of Central New York is considered a self-sustaining risk pool that will provide coverage for its members. The Cooperative Health Insurance Fund of Central New York obtains independent coverage for aggregate claims that approximate \$148 million and the East Syracuse Minoa Central School District has essentially transferred all related risk to the Cooperative Health Insurance Fund of Central New York. During the 2018-2019 school year, the School District's expenditure to the pool was \$15,318,399.

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

(d) Potential Grantor Liability

Amounts received or receivable from grantor agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies, principally the

Federal and State governments. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amounts, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time although the School District expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

(e) Construction Commitments

The School District had various open capital projects during the year ended June 30, 2019, with a total authorization of approximately \$49 million.

At June 30, 2019, the School District had construction commitments outstanding of \$885,500, which are contingent on performance of contractors. If any contract should exceed the original contract, then the excess will be financed from the remaining bond proceeds or current appropriations as approved by the voters.

12. FUND BALANCE

(a) The following is a summary of the change in General Fund restricted reserve funds during the year ended June 30, 2019:

Restricted	 Beginning Balance	 Additions	 (Deletions)	 Ending Balance
Capital	\$ 9,428,075	\$ 800,000	\$ (9,422,206)	\$ 805,869
Employee Benefit Accrued Liability	146,550	245	(73,275)	73,520
Tax Certiorari	1,587,349	5,292		1,592,641
Retirement Contribution	1,442,533	2,731	(623,178)	822,086
Workers Compensation	1,313,732	4,159	(65,821)	1,252,070
Unemployment Insurance	556,434	1,855		558,289
Retirement Contribution-TRS		 372,724		 372,724
Total	\$ 14,474,673	\$ 1,187,006	\$ (10,184,480)	\$ 5,477,199

(b) The following is the disaggregation of the fund balance that is reported in summary on the Governmental Fund's Balance Sheet:

	General	School Lunch	Debt Service	Capital	Total
Nonspendable	\$	\$ 31,584	\$	\$	\$ 31,584
Restricted					
Capital Reserve	805,869				805,869
Employee Benefit Accrued Liability Reserve	73,520				73,520
Tax Certiorari Reserve	1,592,641				1,592,641
Retirement Contribution Reserve	822,086				822,086
Workers' Compensation Reserve	1,252,070				1,252,070
Unemployment Insurance Reserve	558,289				558,289
Debt Service-Principal and Interest			5,245,512		5,245,512
Capital Projects Fund				8,328,939	8,328,939
Retirement Contribution Reserve -TRS	372,724	-			372,724
Total Restricted	5,477,199		5,245,512	8,328,939	19,051,650
Assigned					
Encumbrances	84,447				84,447
Food Service Program		342,825			342,825
Appropriated for Subsequent Year's Budget	500,000				500,000
Total Assigned	584,447	342,825			927,272
Unassigned	3,292,781				3,292,781
Total Fund Balance	\$ 9,354,427	\$ 374,409	\$ 5,245,512	\$ 8,328,939	\$ 23,303,287

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

13. <u>DEFICIT NET POSITION</u>

At June 30, 2019 the District Wide Statement of Net Position had an unrestricted (deficit) of \$224,194,726 and a deficit net position of \$159,405,762. The deficit is primarily the result of the implementation of GASB Statement 75, "Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions," which required the recognition of an unfunded liability of \$198,879,465 at June 30, 2019. Since New York State Laws provide no mechanism for funding the liability, the subsequent accruals are expected to increase the deficit in subsequent years.

14. TAX ABATEMENTS

The District is subject to tax abatements that are granted by the Onondaga County Industrial Development Agency (OCIDA). Article 18-A of the New York State Municipal Law, "New York State Industrial Development Agency Act" was enacted to provide for the creation of Industrial Development Agencies (IDA's) to facilitate economic development in specific localities, and delineate their powers and status as public benefit corporations. The legislation establishes the power of New York IDA's, including the authority to grant tax abatements and enter into agreements to require payments in lieu of taxes. Each IDA must adopt and follow a tax exemption policy with input from the effected taxing jurisdictions, however once created the IDA can independently grant abatements in conformity with their policy. The OCIDA enters into agreements to abate property tax for the purpose of increasing or retaining employment in the County.

Property abatements may be partially offset by an agreement that requires payments in lieu of taxes. These agreements specify the annual amount to be remitted by the property owner and are allocated to the effected jurisdiction based on the proportion of taxes abated. The District has chosen to disclose information about its tax abatement by purpose. It established a quantitative threshold of 10 percent of the total dollar amount of taxes abated during the year.

Abatement agreements of OCIDA resulted in a revenue impact to the District for the year ended June 30, 2019 as follows:

Purpose	Gro	ss Tax Reduction	Paym	ents in Lieu of Taxes	Net 1	Revenue Reduction
Economic Development and Job Creation	\$	2,488,042	\$	1,278,832	\$	1,567,868

The District also has an agreement with the Syracuse Airport Authority pursuant to Section 406 of the New York Real Property Tax Law. This agreement commenced in 2009 and is in perpetuity. For the year ended June 30, 2019, the District's property tax revenue was reduced by \$1,730,759 and received payment in lieu of taxes totaling \$220,000.

EAST SYRACUSE MINOA CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Revenues Local Sources Real Property Taxes Other Real Property Tax Items Nonproperty Tax Items Charges for Services Use of Money and Property Sale of Property and Compensation for Loss Miscellaneous State Aid	Original Budget \$ 47,253,781 1,558,853 93,949 641,382 101,750 20,000 575,000 28,794,408	7,240,235 93,949 641,382 101,750 20,000 592,000 28,909,407	7,212,393 113,436 738,928 136,136 40,902 1,118,371 28,803,711		Final Budget Variance With Actual \$ (21,510) (27,842) 19,487 97,546 34,386 20,902 526,371 (105,696)
Federal Aid Total Revenues	100,000 79,139,123				434,772 978,416
Total Revenues	75,155,125	7,271,120	00,219,339		770,110
Other Financing Sources Transfers from Other Funds Use of Reserves Appropriated Fund Balance Total Revenues and Other Financing Sources	623,178 150,000 716,407 \$ 80,628,708	150,000) <u> </u>		(623,178) (150,000) (10,900,886) \$ (10,695,648) Final Budget
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Year-End Encumbrances	Variance With Actual And Encumbrances
Expenditures					
General Support					
Board of Education	\$ 37,736				\$ 2,352
Central Administration	306,275			3,328	8,758
Finance Staff	621,382			525 793	29,676
Central Services	565,673 5,023,220			38,491	74,342 256,327
Special Items	606,468			30,471	46,543
Total General Support	7,160,754			43,175	417,998
Instruction		- '-	-		
Instruction, Administration, and Improvement	1,985,148			5,000	8,154
Teaching - Regular School	22,640,680			17,867	433,050
Programs for Children With Special Needs	9,593,330				251,563
Occupational Education Teaching - Special School	50,730 179,875				23,678
Instructional Media	3,638,366			9,848	19,325
Pupil Services	3,148,813			2,196	37,173
Total Instruction	41,236,942	41,160,042	40,352,188	34,911	772,943
Pupil Transportation	3,597,943	4,261,959	9 4,115,217	6,361	140,381
Community Services	2,475			0,301	140,361
Employee Benefits	22,154,448				353,030
Debt Service - Principal	4,453,459		, ,		,
Debt Service - Interest	1,587,687				1,000
Total Expenditures	80,193,708	81,499,852	79,730,053	84,447	1,685,352
Other Financing Uses					
Transfers to Other Funds	435,000	9,445,335	9,445,749		(414)
Total Expenditures and Other Financing Uses	\$ 80,628,708	· —————		\$ 84,447	\$ 1,684,938
Net Change in Fund Balance			(8,926,263)		
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year			18,280,690		
Fund Balance - End of Year			\$ 9,354,427		

Notes to Required Supplementary Information

The School District administration prepares a proposed budget for approval by the Board of Education for the General Fund, the only fund with a legally adopted budget.

The budget is adopted annually on a basis consistent with GAAP. Appropriations authorized for the year are increased by the amount of encumbrances carried forward from the prior year.

See Independent Auditor's Report.

EAST SYRACUSE MINOA CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULES OF CHANGES IN THE DISTRICT'S TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	2019	2018
Total OPEB Liability		
Service cost	\$ 7,087,414	\$ 9,231,766
Interest on Total OPEB Liability	8,239,606	7,175,392
Change in assumptions and other inputs	(7,810,251)	(32,724,526)
Differences between expected and actual experience	(26,644,202)	
Changes in Benefit Terms	(1,491,321)	
Benefit payments	(4,584,639)	(4,272,333)
Net change in total OPEB Liability	(25,203,393)	(20,589,701)
Total OPEB Liability - Beginning	224,082,858	244,672,559
Total OPEB Liability - Ending	\$ 198,879,465	\$ 224,082,858
Covered payroll	\$ 40,512,569	\$ 41,368,363
Total OPEB Liability as a percentage of covered payroll	491%	542%

10 years of historical information will not be available upon implementation. An additional year of historical information will be added each year subsequent to the year of implementation until 10 years of historical data is available.

Notes to Required Supplementary Information:

The District does not currently maintain assets in an OPEB trust.

Actuarial Assumptions

The actuarial methods and assumptions used to calculate the total OPEB liability are described in Note 110 to the financial statements.

Changes to Assumptions

The discount rate changed from 3.60% to 3.87%, which is a prescribed discount rate under GASB 75, and is based on the Bond Buyer General Obligation 20-Bond Municpal Index.

EAST SYRACUSE MINOA CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULES OF DISTRICT'S CONTRIBUTIONS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

				ension Plan Fiscal Years					
	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011
Contractually Required Contribution	\$ 1,274,458	\$ 1,218,255	\$ 1,248,953	\$ 1,490,084	\$ 1,371,455 \$	1,776,939	\$ 1,662,439	5 1,426,497	\$ 1,060,251
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	1,274,458	1,218,255	1,248,953	1,490,084	1,371,455	1,776,939	1,662,439	1,426,497	1,060,251
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$	\$	\$	\$	<u>\$</u>		\$ 9	8	\$
School District's Covered-ERS Employee Payroll	\$ 8,715,763	\$ 8,051,788	\$ 8,168,719	\$ 8,262,733	\$ 8,000,139 \$	8,899,103	\$ 9,177,986	9,254,775	\$ 9,529,631
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered-Employee Payroll	14.62%	15.13%	15.29%	18.03%	17.14%	19.97%	18.11%	15.41%	11.13%
				ension Plan Fiscal Years					
	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011
Contractually Required Contribution	\$ 3,341,525	\$ 2,995,695	\$ 3,402,512	\$ 3,761,274	\$ 4,885,480 \$	4,435,156	\$ 3,261,952	3,080,332	\$ 2,407,468
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	3,341,525	2,995,695	3,402,512	3,761,274	4,885,480	4,435,156	3,261,952	3,080,332	2,407,468
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$ \$		\$ 9	8	\$
School District's Covered-TRS Employee Payroll	\$ 31,464,454	\$ 30,568,316	\$ 29,032,546	\$ 28,365,563	\$ 27,869,253 \$	27,293,268	\$ 27,550,270	5 27,725,761	\$ 27,928,863
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered-Employee Payroll	10.62%	9.80%	11.72%	13.26%	17.53%	16.25%	11.84%	11.11%	8.62%

Information is presented only for the years available.

EAST SYRACUSE MINOA CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULES OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

ERS Pension Plan

	2019	2018	2017	2016	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>
District's proportion of the net pension liability	0.029974%	0.027599%	0.029327%	0.031015%	0.030119%	0.030119%
District's porportionate share of the net pension asset (liability)	\$ (2,123,774) \$	(890,751) \$	(2,755,600) \$	(4,978,065) \$	(1,017,480)	\$ (1,361,018)
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 8,715,763 \$	8,051,788 \$	8,168,719 \$	8,262,733 \$	8,000,139	\$ 8,899,103
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	24.37%	11.06%	33.73%	60.25%	12.72%	15.29%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total pension liability	96.3%	98.2%	94.7%	90.7%	97.9%	97.2%

TRS Pension Plan

District's proportion of the net pension asset/liability	2018 0.187664%	2017 0.183333%	2016 0.181461%	2015 0.185531%	2014 0.184769%	2013 0.188037%
District's porportionate share of the net pension asset (liability)	\$ 3,393,455 \$	1,393,491 \$	(1,943,521) \$	19,270,742 \$	20,582,120 \$	5 1,237,757
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 30,568,316 \$	29,032,546 \$	28,365,563 \$	27,869,253 \$	27,293,268 \$	3 27,550,270
District's proportionate share of the net pension asset/(liability) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	11.10%	04.80%	-06.85%	69.15%	75.41%	04.54%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total pension liability	101.53%	100.66%	99.01%	110.46%	111.48%	100.70%

Information is presented only for the years available.

EAST SYRACUSE MINOA CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULES OF CHANGE FROM ORIGINAL BUDGET TO REVISED BUDGET AND SECTION 1318 OF REAL PROPERTY TAX LAW LIMIT CALCULATION For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Change from Adopted Budget to Revised Budget
--

Adopted Budget			\$ 80,262,301
Add: Prior Year's Encu		366,407	
Original Budget			80,628,708
Add: Budget Revisions	Load Aviation Grant Legislative Grant Appropriation of EBLAR Appropriation of ERS Appropriation of Workers Compensation Reserve Appropriation of Capital Reserve Voter Authorization for Bus Purchase		17,000 115,000 73,275 623,178 65,821 8,795,627 626,578 10,316,479
Final Budget			\$ 90,945,187
2019-20 voter-approved ex Maximum allowed (4% of			\$ 82,319,532 \$ 3,292,781
Unrestricted fund balance: Assigned fund balance Unassigned fund balance Total unrestricted fund	e	\$ 584,447 3,292,781 3,877,228	
Less: Appropriated fund balar Encumbrances included Total adjustments	nce in assigned fund balance	500,000 84,447 584,447	
General Fund Fund E	Balance Subject to Section 1318 of Real Property Tax Law		\$ 3,292,781
Actual percentage			

EAST SYRACUSE MINOA CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF PROJECT EXPENDITURES - CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

				Expenditures				Methods of	Financing		Fund
	Original Authorization	Revised Authorization	Prior Years	Current Year	Total	Unexpended Balance	Proceeds of Obligations	Federal and State Aid	Local Sources	Total	Balance June 30, 2019
PROJECT TITLE	Authorization	Authorization	Tears	1 cai	Total	Balance	Obligations	State Aid	Sources	Total	June 30, 2019
Pine Grove Middle School Additions and Alterations	\$ 29,400,000	. , ,	. , ,	\$	\$ 29,399,999	•	\$ 23,006,831	\$ 291,370	\$ 6,102,700	\$ 29,400,901	\$ 902
Pine Grove Middle School Emergency Project	500,000	500,000	273,623		273,623	226,377			273,623	273,623	
District wide Construction/Renovation Project	49,800,000	49,800,000		467,590	467,590	49,332,410			8,795,627	8,795,627	8,328,037
Storage Building	50,000	50,000				50,000					
East Syracuse-Minoa High School Flooring Smart Bonds	100,000	100,000	1,352,488	100,000 60,724	100,000 1,413,212			1,413,212	100,000	100,000 1,413,212	
Totals	\$ 79,850,000	\$ 79,850,000	\$ 31,026,110	\$ 628,314	\$ 31,654,424	\$ 49,608,788	\$ 23,006,831	\$ 1,704,582	\$ 15,271,950	\$ 39,983,363	\$ 8,328,939

EAST SYRACUSE MINOA CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT NET INVESTMENT IN CAPITAL ASSETS June 30, 2019

Capital Assets, Net	\$ 79,191,536
Deduct:	
Serial Bonds Payable	(25,875,000)
Bond Premium	(3,467,843)
Energy Performance Contract	(4,081,094)
Deferred Amounts from Refunding of Debt	(312,931)
Add:	
Unspent Bond Proceeds	902
Deferred Charge from Refunding of Debt	281,665
	(33,454,301)
Net Investment in Capital Assets	<u>\$ 45,737,235</u>



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Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With Government Auditing Standards

Board of Education East Syracuse Minoa Central School District

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of East Syracuse Minoa Central School District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise East Syracuse Minoa Central School District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated September 30, 2019.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered East Syracuse Minoa Central School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of East Syracuse Minoa Central School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of East Syracuse Minoa Central School District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the school district's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether East Syracuse Minoa Central School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.



Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the school district's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the school district's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

D'arcangelo + Co., LLP

September 30, 2019

Utica, New York



120 Lomond Court, Utica, N.Y. 13502-5950 315-735-5216 Fax: 315-735-5210

Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance For Each Major Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by The Uniform Guidance

Board of Education East Syracuse Minoa Central School District

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited East Syracuse Minoa Central School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2019. East Syracuse Minoa Central School District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its Federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of East Syracuse Minoa Central School District's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about East Syracuse Minoa Central School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of East Syracuse Minoa Central School District's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, East Syracuse Minoa Central School District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2019.



Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of East Syracuse Minoa Central School District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered East Syracuse Minoa Central School District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for its major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of East Syracuse Minoa Central School District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

September 30, 2019

D'arcangelo + Co., LLP

Utica, New York

EAST SYRACUSE MINOA CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program Title U.S. Department of Agriculture (Passed Through the State Education Department of the State of New York) Child Nutrition Cluster	Federal CFDA <u>Number</u>	Agency or Pass-through <u>Number</u>	Total Federal <u>Expenditures</u>
Non-Cash Assistance Food Donation (Non Cash)	10.555	N/A	\$ <u>67,449</u>
Cash Assistance School Breakfast Program National School Lunch Program Summer Food Service Program for Children Cash Assistance Subtotal	10.553 10.555 10.559	N/A N/A N/A	178,344 637,689 21,510 837,543
Total Child Nutrition Cluster			904,992
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture			904,992
<u>U.S. Department of Education</u> (Passed Through the State Education Department of the State of New York)			
Special Education Cluster Special Education - Grants to States, (IDEA, Part B) Special Education - Preschool Grants, (IDEA Preschool) Total Special Education Cluster	84.027 84.173	0032-19-0640 0033-19-0640	896,538 30,086 926,624
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies Title IV, Part A, Student Support and Academic Improving Teacher Quality State Grants, (Title IIA) Improving Teacher Quality State Grants, (Title IIA)	84.010 84.010 84.010 84.424 84.367 84.367	0021-18-2095 0021-19-2095 0011-18-2521 2041-19-2095 0147-18-2095 0147-19-2095	9,813 403,373 6,537 7,912 154 94,238
Total U.S. Department of Education			1,448,651
Total Federal Awards Expended			\$ <u>2,353,643</u>

EAST SYRACUSE MINOA CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

1. <u>SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES</u>

Basis of Presentation

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (the Schedule) includes the federal award activity of East Syracuse Minoa Central School District, under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2019. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of East Syracuse Minoa Central School District, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net assets, or cash flows of East Syracuse Minoa Central School District

Basis of Accounting

The expenditures in the accompanying schedule are presented on an accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. Therefore, some amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of, the basic financial statements.

De Minimis Indirect Cost Rate

East Syracuse Minoa Central School District has not elected to use the 10 percent de minimis indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

Food Donation

Nonmonetary assistance is reported in the schedule at fair market value of the food commodities received. At June 30, 2019, the School District had food commodities totaling \$31,584 in inventory.



EAST SYRACUSE MINOA CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS - FEDERAL COMPLIANCE REQUIREMENTS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Summary of Auditor's Results

Type of Financial Statement Opinion	Unmodified
Were there any material control weakness conditions reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
Were there any other significant deficiencies reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
Was there any reported material noncompliance at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
Were there any material internal control weakness conditions reported for major Federal programs?	No
Were there any other significant deficiencies reported for major Federal programs?	No
Type of Major Programs' Compliance Opinion	Unmodified
Are there any finding disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with § 2 CFR-200.516(a)?	No
Major Programs (list):	U.S. Department of Education Special Education Cluster Special Education - Grants to States, (IDEA, Part B) 84.027 Special Education - Preschool Grants, (IDEA Preschool) 84.173
Dollar Threshold: Type A\B Programs	Type A: > \$ 750,000 Type B: all others
Low Risk Auditee?	Yes

Findings - Financial Statement Audit

None noted in the current year.

Findings and Questioned Costs - Major Federal Award Programs Audit

None noted in the current year.



EAST SYRACUSE MINOA CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT STATUS OF PRIOR YEAR'S FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS – FEDERAL COMPLIANCE REQUIREMENTS For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

None.